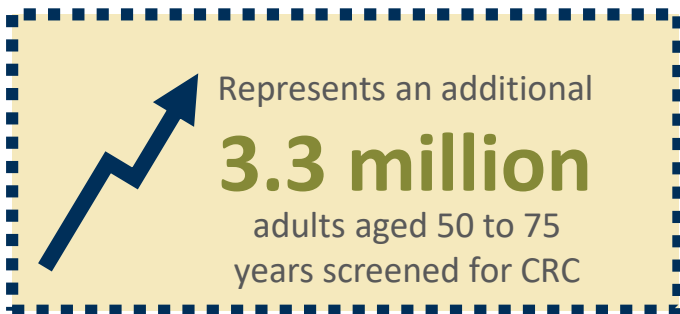
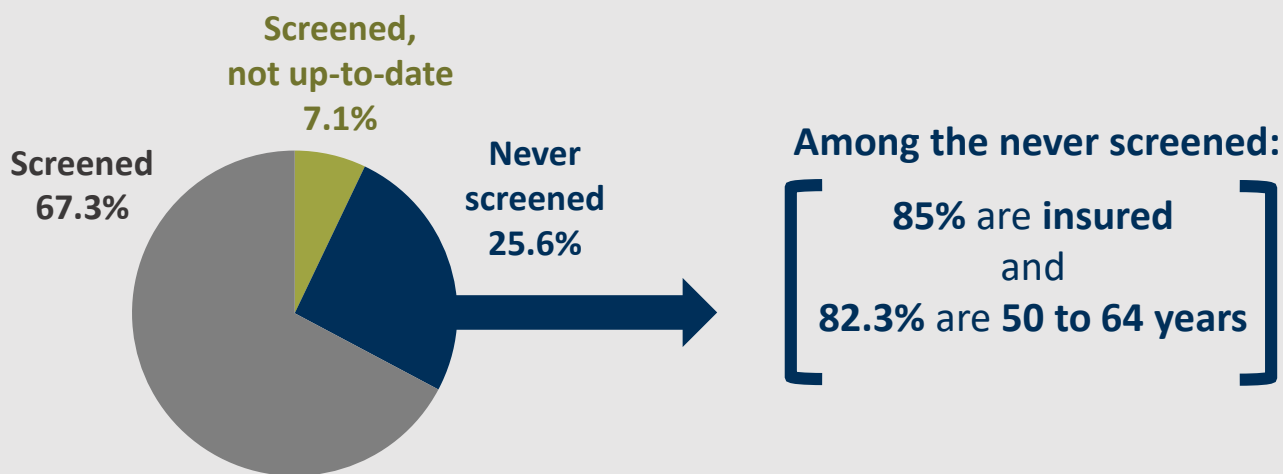


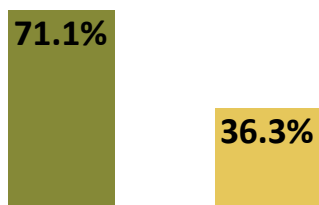
The percentage of U.S. adults aged 50 to 75 years up-to-date* with colorectal cancer (CRC) screening increased 1.1 percentage points from 2014 to 2016:



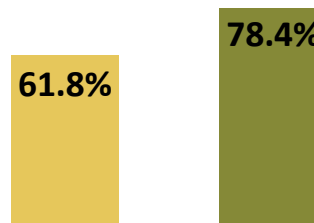
Among adults aged 50 to 75 years, **one quarter** have never been screened.



More adults **with health insurance** are up-to-date with screening than those **without it**.



More adults **aged 65 to 75 years** are up-to-date with screening than adults **aged 50 to 64 years**.



*Up-to-date is defined as a fecal occult blood test (FOBT) within 1 year, colonoscopy within 10 years, or flexible sigmoidoscopy with FOBT within 3 years based on U.S. Preventive Services Task Force CRC screening guidelines.

-Age-standardized to the BRFSS 2016 population for all data represented.

-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data. Atlanta, Georgia: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2016. Available at https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/annual_data/annual_2016.html

- Final Update Summary: Colorectal Cancer: Screening. U.S. Preventive Services Task Force. June 2016.

https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Document/UpdateSummaryFinal/colorectal-cancer-screening2?ds=1&s=colorectal_cancer

