## E-TYPE

## lift control system

# SPECIFICATION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL 

Manual ver. 2.0<br>Program ver. 2.06

web: http://www.secelectro.com

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Before the control panel installation, wiring, commissioning and inspection, read this instruction manual carefully.

Keep the manual in a safe place and available to engineering and installation personnel during the control panel functioning period.

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## SAFETY SYMBOL LEGEND

WARNING:
Commands attention to an operating procedure, practice, condition, or statement, which, if not strictly observed, could result in personal injury or death.

CAUTION: Commands attention to an operation procedure, practice, condition, or statement, which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage or destruction of equipment.

NOTE:
Commands attention to an operating procedure, practice, condition, or statement that must be highlighted.

## 0. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

## WARNING - ATTENTION

Drive systems cause mechanical motion. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that any such motion does not result in an unsafe condition. Factory provided interlocks and operating limits should not be bypassed or modified.

## WARNING - ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND BURN HAZARD

When using instruments such as oscilloscopes to work on live equipment, the oscilloscope's chassis should be grounded and a differential amplifier input should be used. Care should be used in the selection of probes and leads and in the adjustment of the oscilloscope so that accurate readings may be made. See instrument manufacturer's instruction book for proper operation and adjustment to the instrument.

## WARNING - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Fires or explosions might result from mounting control panels in hazardous areas such as locations where flammable or combustible vapors or dusts are present. Control panels should be installed away from hazardous areas, even if used with motors suitable for use in these locations.

## WARNING - STRAIN HAZARD

Improper lifting practices can cause serious or fatal injury. Lift only with adequate equipment and trained personnel. When carrying equipment without packaging the boards or metal panels can cause damage to the equipment and injury to you.

## WARNING - CRUSHING HAZARD

Risk of crushing and damage to the control panel if it does not have a firm stand. Be sure to place the control panel on a flat surface witch can support it's weight before installation! Do not stand the control panel on end as it could fall over.

## WARNING - HIGH TEMPERATURE

After prolonged use, the parts in control panel will reach a maximum temperature of $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Touching them with bare hands can be painful. Allow the unit to cool before you get near the hot parts. When braking resistors are used (they are normally installed at the top or in the side of the box) this resistors can reach a maximum temperature of $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Touching them with bare hands can cause serious or fatal injury.

## ATTENTION - ELECTRIC SHOCK

Control panel, motors and all other equipment must be ground connected according to the NEC ( Code Electrique National).

## WARNING / ATTENTION

Replace all covers before applying power to the control panel. Failure to do so may result in death or serious injury.

## WARNING / ATTENTION

Control panels are electrical apparatus for use in industrial installations. Parts of the control panels are energized during operation. The electrical installation and the opening of the device should therefore only be carried out by qualified personnel. Improper installation of motors, control panel or other equipment may therefore cause the failure of the device as well as serious injury to persons or material damage. Control panels are not equipped with motor overspeed protection logic.
Follow the instructions given in this manual and observe the local and national safety regulations applicable.

## CAUTION / PRECAUTION

Do not connect power supply voltage that exceeds the standard specification voltage fluctuation permissible. If excessive voltage is applied to the control panel, damage to the internal components will result.

## CAUTION / PRECAUTION

Do not operate the control panel without the ground wire connected. The motor chassis should be grounded to earth through a ground lead separate from all other equipment ground leads to prevent noise coupling.
The grounding wires shall be sized in accordance with the NEC or Canadian Electrical Code. The connection shall be made by a UL listed or CSA certified closed-loop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge involved. The connector is to be fixed using the crimp tool specified by the connector manufacturer.

## CAUTION / PRECAUTION

Do not perform a megger test between the control panel terminals or on the control circuit terminals.

## CAUTION / PRECAUTION

Because the ambient temperature greatly affects control panel life and reliability, do not install the control panel in any location that exceeds the allowable temperature. Leave the ventilation cover attached for temperatures of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below.

## CAUTION / PRECAUTION

The control panel must be mounted on a wall that is constructed of heat resistant material. While the control panel is operating, the temperature of the control panel parts can rise to a temperature of $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In case when braking resistors are used, the temperature of this resistor can rise up to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## NOTE

The terms "controller", "lift controller" and "control box" are sometimes used interchangeably throughout the industry. We will use the term "control panel" in this document

1 Never remove the covers while the AC Input power supply is switched on. Minimum time to wait before working on the terminals or inside the device is 1 minute after disconnecting for control panels without electronic regulators for motors and 5 minutes for control panels with electronic regulators ( VVVF, ACVV, soft start)

2 Do not touch or damage any components when handling the device. The changing of the isolation gaps or the removing of the isolation and covers is not permissible. If the doors have to be removed (or opened) because the room temperature is higher than 40 degrees, the user has to ensure that no occasional contact with live parts may occur.

3 Protect the control panel from impermissible environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, shock etc.)

4 No voltage should be connected to the output terminals for the motors, magnets, valves, lights and switches (terminals $5,6,7,8,9,10,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,25,25 a, 26,26 a, 27$, $31,40,45,46,47,48,56,57,58,59,121,122,123,130,131,132,222,351,352,358,360,371,372)$

5 A capacitative load (e.g. Var compensation capacitors) should not be connected to the outputs for the motors (terminals $5,6,7,8,9,10,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20$ )

6 Always connect the control panel to the protective ground (PE ) via the marked connection terminals ( 0 or GND ) and the housing ( 0 or GND ). Control panels have ground discharge currents greater than $3,5 \mathrm{~mA}$. EN 50178 specifies that with discharge currents greater than $3,5 \mathrm{~mA}$ the protective conductor ground connection ( 0 or GND ) must be fixed type and doubled for redundancy.
$7 \quad$ The electrical commissioning should only be carried out by qualified personnel, who are also responsible for the provision of a suitable ground connection and a protected power supply feeder in accordance with the local and national regulations.

8 No dielectric tests should be carried out on parts of the control panel. A suitable measuring instrument (internal resistance of at least $10 \mathrm{kohm} / \mathrm{V}$ ) should be used for measuring the signal voltages.

9 If the control panel has been stored for longer than three years, the operation of the capacitors may be impaired. Before commissioning devices that have been stored for long periods, connect them to a power supply for two hours with no load connected in order to regenerate the capacitors, ( the input voltage has to be applied without enabling the functionality).

10 The control panel may start accidentally in the event of a failure, even if it is disabled, unless it has been disconnected from the AC input feeder.

## 1. PRODUCT LIABILITY AND WARRANTY

We guarantee the faultless condition of our product as described in our advertising, the product documentation we have published, and this manual. Product characteristics over and above this are not guaranteed.
Claims for damages are generally excluded, except in the case of proven premeditation, gross negligence by SEC electronics, or the absence of any promised features. In particular we do not accept any liability if the control panels are used with other systems, encoders, switches, power supply systems and drive motors for which the control panels are unsuitable as stated in this manual or which fail to conform with the customary state of technology by virtue of their individual design.
We also disclaim responsibility for any damage to lift facilities and building facilities due to malfunction of the product or due to errors in this manual.
We are not responsible for violation of the patents and other rights of thir d parties.
We shall not be liable for any damage resulting from improper handling as defined in this manual. We expressly exclude liability for lost profit and especially for consequential damage due to the nonobservance of safety regulations and warnings and/or resulting from accessories not supplied by SEC electronics.
SEC electronics products are designed for a long service life. They confirm with the current state of science and technology and were individually tested in all their promised functions prior to shipment. SEC electronics is continuously engaged in product and market analysis in the interest of further development and constant improvement. However, if any malfunctions or breakdowns occur in spite of all the preventive measures, you should notify the customer service department in Neverke, Slovenia. We assure you that suitable action to rectify the damage will be taken without delay.

### 1.1. TERMS OF WARRANTY

We guarantee the product's proper working order as defined in this operating manual for a period of 24 months after shipment as per delivery note.
Repairs will only be carried out free of charge if this manual was observed for storage, transportation, installation, commissioning and operation.
Interventions in a unit by the customer or third parties are only allowed after special consultation with SEC electronics. If this condition is not observed, SEC electronics will accept no responsibility for any damage to the unit, injury to persons or consequential damage; in this case the warranty shall expire. SEC electronics also disclaims all responsibility for unit faults resulting from damaged or functionally defective equipment in the control panel's environment or following the use of accessories which were not supplied by SEC electronics.
The General Terms of Business of SEC electronics shall apply.

## 2. INSPECTION PROCEDURE

### 2.1. UPON DELIVERY INSPECTION PROCEDURES

A high degree of care is taken in packing our control panels and preparing them for delivery. They should only be transported with suitable transport equipment (see weight data). Observe the instructions printed on the packaging. This also applies when the device is unpacked and installed.

## Upon delivery, check the following:

- $\quad$ the packaging for any external damage
- whether the delivery note matches your order


## Open the packaging with suitable tools. Check whether:

- any parts were damaged during transport
- the device type corresponds to your order

In the event of any damage or of an incomplete or incorrect delivery please notify the responsible sales offices immediately.

The devices should only be stored in dry rooms within the specified temperature ranges.
NOTE:A certain degree of moisture condensation is permissible if this arises from changes in temperature ( see "Permissible Environmental Conditions"). This does not however, apply when the devices are in operation. Always ensure that there is no moisture condensation in devices that are connected to the power supply

### 2.2 CONTROL PANEL TYPE DESIGNATION

The technical specification of the control panel is stated in the type code. Example
E 078/01
where letter E corresponds to E-type lift control panel
This code is also the same as is the code in the confirmation of order and other related papers.
A Label with the type code is located at the bottom right corner of the control panel.

### 2.3. NAMEPLATE

Check that all the data stated in the nameplate enclosed with the control panel corresponds to what has been ordered.


| Type | - control panel model |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N}$ | - serial number ( type code) |
| Input voltage | - power supply voltage |
| Input frequency | - power supply frequency |
| Rated current | - output rated current |
| Brake | - rated voltage of brake ( in electric lift) |
| Retiring cam | - rated voltage of retiring cam |
| Valves | - rated voltage of valves (in hydraulic lift) |
| Dimensions | - dimensions of control panel H x W x D |

Nameplate is located in the left side of the box door.

### 2.4. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS



### 2.5. DISPOSAL OF THE DEVICE

SEC electronics will take back old units free of charge provided they are delivered carriage paid to the SEC electronic factory in Neverke, Slovenia

Applicable local waste treatment and disposal regulations must be observed if you dispose of a unit yourself or replace any components. SEC electronics shall accept no liability for any parts and components that are not disposed of properly!
The following details are useful for disposal purposes:
the control panel box is made of steel, usually painted
the back panel is made of steel or aluminum, usually without lacquering or surface treatment
regulations on the disposal of electronic parts and components apply for disposal of p.c. boards, LCD units and other electric parts
backup battery is Lithium battery wich must be disposed properly

## 3. INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

### 3.1. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION



Control panel dimensions and fixing holes dimensions
Doors can be left or right side opening.
CONTROL PANEL DIMENSIONS (information on nameplate)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 700 x \\ & 500 x \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 700 x \\ & 500 x \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 800 x \\ & 600 x \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 800 x \\ & 600 x \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 800 x \\ & 600 x \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 x \\ & 600 x \\ & 250 x \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \mathrm{x} \\ & 600 \mathrm{x} \\ & 300 \mathrm{x} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 x \\ & 600 \quad x \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 900 x \\ & 800 x \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A mm | 500 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 800 |
| B mm | 700 | 700 | 800 | 800 | 800 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 900 |
| C mm | 200 | 250 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 350 |
| D1 mm | 450 | 450 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 700 |
| D2 mm | 650 | 650 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 950 | 950 | 950 | 870 |
| E1 mm | 107,5 | 107,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 150 |
| E2 mm | 285 | 285 | 285 | 285 | 285 | 285 | 285 | 285 | 500 |
| E3 mm | 107,5 | 107,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 157,5 | 150 |
| F1 mm | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| F2 mm | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 40 |
| G fi mm | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 8 |

NOTE: In case when VVVF control panel is used, the braking resistor is mounted on the control panel. Dimensions of braking resistor depends on model, power and manufacturer.
Braking resistor can be fixed at the side or at the top of the box.

### 3.2. INSTALLATION MOUNTING CLEARANCE

NOTE: The dimensions specified in this manual and weights should be taken into consideration when the device is mounted. The technical equipment required (carriage or crane for large weights) should be used. Im proper handling and the use of unsuitable tools may cause damage.


NOTE: The maximum angle of inclination is $30^{\circ}$
NOTE: The control panels must be mounted in such a way that the free flow of air is ensured. The clearance to the device must be at least 150 mm . A space of at lease 50 mm must be ensured at the front. Devices that generate a large amount of heat must not be mounted in the direct vicinity of the control panel.


## 4. WIRING PROCEDURE

### 4.1. AC INPUT CONNECTION

The device must be connected to a protective grounding which will be the first to be connected and the last one to be disconnected. Flexible copper cables, class 5, type O5V-K must be used for mains connection of the device. These copper cables must be short circuit protected with external fuses. Thermomagnetic differential switches for protection can be used.

NOTE: Residual-current ( FI-type) circuit-breakers can be tripped inadvertently when power is switched on if a noise filter is being used (VVVF and ACVV control panels). In these cases only use residual-current circuit-breakers with a drop-out delay.

Cable diameters and dimensions of protective switches must be consistent with table 4.4 .4 for input voltage 400 V AC ( 415 V AC ) or table 4.4 .5 for input voltage $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}(240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC})$.

INPUT VOLTAGE 400 VAC

| P | kW | 3 | 4 | 5,5 | 7,5 | 10 | 11 | 15 | 18,5 | 22 | 25 | 30 | 37 | 45 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| n | A | 8,6 | 10,5 | 13,5 | 17,5 | 20,5 | 24 | 32 | 39 | 46 | 54 | 62 | 72 | 87 |
| Ci | mm 2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 25 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 50 |
| Cl | mm 2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 |
| S 1 | A | 16 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 80 | 100 | 125 |
| S 2 | A | 25 | 25 | 25 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 63 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| S 3 | A | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| S 4 | A | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |

INPUT VOLTAGE 230 VAC

| P | kW | 3 | 4 | 5,5 | 7,5 | 10 | 11 | 15 | 18,5 | 22 | 25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In | A | 13,5 | 16,5 | 22 | 29 | 37 | 41 | 54 | 66 | 77 | 87 |
| Ci | mm 2 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 50 |
| Cl | mm 2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,5 |
| S 1 | A | 20 | 20 | 32 | 40 | 63 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 100 | 125 |
| S 2 | A | 25 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 125 | 160 |
| S 3 | A | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| S 4 | A | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |

P - rated power
In - rated current
$\mathrm{Ci} \quad$ - diameter of wires for main supply (mm2)
$\mathrm{Cl} \quad$ - diameter of wires for lighting connection (mm2)
S1 - thermomagnetic main switch - curve type C (value is equivalent to short circuit current)
S2 - differential main switch - sensitivity 300 mA
S3 - thermomagnetic switch - lighting - curve C
S4 - differential switch - lighting - sensitivity 30 mA

### 4.2. MAIN MOTOR CONNECTION

Cable diameters must be consistent with table below for input voltage 400 V AC ( 415 V AC ) or table below for input voltage 230 V AC ( 240 V AC).

INPUT VOLTAGE 400 VAC

| P | kW | 3 | 4 | 5,5 | 7,5 | 10 | 11 | 15 | 18,5 | 22 | 25 | 30 | 37 | 45 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In | A | 8,6 | 10,5 | 13,5 | 17,5 | 20,5 | 24 | 32 | 39 | 46 | 54 | 62 | 72 | 87 |
| Isd | A |  |  |  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 19 | 23 | 27 | 31 | 36 | 42 | 50 |
| Cm | mm 2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 25 | 35 | 35 | 50 |
| Csd | mm 2 |  |  |  | 2,5 | 2,5 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 25 | 25 |

INPUT VOLTAGE 230 VAC

| P | kW | 3 | 4 | 5,5 | 7,5 | 10 | 11 | 15 | 18,5 | 22 | 25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In | A | 13,5 | 16,5 | 22 | 29 | 37 | 41 | 54 | 66 | 77 | 87 |
| Isd | A | 7,8 | 10 | 13 | 17 | 22 | 24 | 28 | 33 | 45 | 50 |
| Cm | mm 2 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 50 |
| Csd | mm 2 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 25 | 25 |

[^0]
## 5. CONNECTION TO PC OR PDA

### 5.1. CONNECTION TO PC

Programming with PC is possible through RS 232 line. The drawing of cable is:
Necessary program for programming is one of VT100 emulators. Suitable is program


Hyper Terminal wich is part of Windows operational system. Settings of Hyper Terminal for using it for programming is next:

| - emulation | ANSI |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - baud rate | 9600 | 8 | N | 1 |

### 5.2. CONNECTION TO PDA

Programming with PDA is possible through RS232 line. The drawing of connection cable for PALM device series III or V is:


RJ $6 / 4$
LIFT CONTROLLER

PALM III or V connector PROGRAMMER

Necessary program for programming is one of VT100 emulators. Suitable is program PTELNET. Settings of Ptelnet program for using it for programming is next:

| -Serial | Port | RS232 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Baud | 9600 |
|  | Parity | N |
|  | Word | 8 |
|  | StopBits | 1 |
|  | Xon/Xoff | 0 |
|  | RTS/CTS | 0 |
|  |  |  |
|  | Mode | Serial |
|  | Return | CR |
|  | Font | large |
|  | Width | 32 |
|  | Charset | ISO-Latin 1 |
|  | Lochal echo | 1 |

- the connection icon in the main window must be ON


## WARNING:

Do not connect fourth wire from lift controller connector RJ 6/4.
This wire is internal +5 VDC for special programmers only.

## NOTE:

Windows
Hyper Terminal
Palm
is Microsoft trademark
is Hilgraeve Inc. trademark
is 3com tradmark

## 6. PROGRAMMING

### 6.1. MAIN MENU

After connection is establish between programmer or E-Type console and controller, main menu appear in the display. If not press ENTER or \# two or three times.
The numbers in front of word for entering in menus are present in eprom version E1.10 or higher.
They are made for programming with console where \# is ENTER and * is ESCAPE.
SEC Electronics E - Type Lift
Controller V0.0
1L Flow control
2E Show error history
3C Statistics
4F Fundamental settings
5V Door settings
6P Parameters
7 D Sprecial drives
8S Encoder settings
91 Input / Output settings
OW Save settings to EEPROM
To select submenu press or write first letter of submenu. The submenu must appear.

> MAIN MENU


| 1L | 2E | 3C | 4F | 5 V | 6 P | 7D | 8S | 91 | OW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Flow } \\ \text { control } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Error } \\ & \text { history } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Statistics | Fund. settings | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Door } \\ \text { settings } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Parameter | Special drives | Encoder <br> settings | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 0 \\ \text { settings } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Save } \\ \text { all } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Escape | Enter | Enter | Enter | Enter | Enter | Enter | Enter | Enter | Enter |

### 6.2. SUBMENU ORGANISATION

The submenus F-Fundamental settings, V-Doors settings, P-Parameters, D-Special drives, S-Encoder settings and I-Input/Output settings are organized in next way. After submenu is selected the next display appear:
$1 \mathrm{~L}=$ list, $2 \mathrm{E}=$ edit, $3 \mathrm{C}=$ change

$1 \mathrm{~L}=$ list, $2 \mathrm{E}=$ edit, $3 \mathrm{C}=$ change

Enter

MAIN MENU

### 6.3. 1L FLOW CONTROL

Display show actual informations, activities, problems or errors of controll panel
Sample of one display with explanations is next:

Flow control

| $21 / 01 / 03$ | 13:45:06 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Station: 03 | Status: 61 |

Maintenace drive on
Press Esc for main menue...

Explanation:
First row:
Date (21 / 01 / 03)
Hour (13:45:06)

Second row: Position of lift (Station: 03) Message number as in seven segment lowest floor is 01 display in the main board (Status: 61)

Third row: Message definition (Maintenance drive on)
Message numbers 00-49 are ERRORS, numbers 50-99 are EVENTS.
List of messages:

| EVENTS |  |  | ERRORS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 50 | Doors open | 1 | Second slip correction |
| 51 | Doors preopen | 2 | First slip correction |
| 52 | Doors close | 3 | Error counting |
| 53 | Doors lock | 4 | Error preopening |
| 54 | Error on doors closing | 5 | Error car door A |
| 55 | Fast speed up | 6 | Error car door B |
| 56 | Slow speed up | 7 | Error door lock A |
| 57 | Stabilisation time | 8 | Error door lock B |
| 58 | Fast speed down | 9 | Error switch stop up |
| 59 | Slow speed down | 10 | Error switch slow up |
| 60 | Fire alarm drive | 11 | Error switch stop down |
| 61 | Maintenance drive on | 12 | Error switch slow down |
| 62 | Parking drive | 13 | Error battery low |
| 63 | Waiting for call | 14 | Error elements check |
| 65 | Safety line 36 | 15 | Error limit timer fast speed |
| 66 | Doors are not lock | 16 | Error limit timer slow speed |
| 68 | Obstruction door A | 17 | Error limit timer maintenance speed |
| 69 | Obstruction door B | 18 | Error communication CPU B |
| 70 | Cabin oveload | 19 | Error in parameters |
| 72 | Relevelling up | 20 | Error prelimit switches |
| 73 | Relevelling down | 21 | Error communication CAR module |
| 75 | Lift in hold after maintenance function | 22 | Error relevelling |
| 76 | Priority drive | 23 | Error photocell door A |
| 77 | Photocell door A | 24 | Error photocell door B |
| 78 | Photocell door B | 25 | Error first drive |
| 79 | Maintenance drive down | 26 | Error group |
| 80 | Maintenance drive up | 27 | Error SSL 2 |
| 81 | Pump star sequence | 28 | Error SSL 3 |
| 82 | Error doors | 29 | Error security 36 |
| 83 | Corrigation up | 30 | Start on pre-limit switch out of station |
| 84 | Corrigation down | 31 | Re-leveling out of limits |
| 85 | Firefighters drive | 32 | Learn floor positions first! |
| 86 | Cabin doors are not close |  |  |
| 87 | Landing doors are not close |  |  |

### 6.4. 2 E SHOW ERROR HISTORY

Display show errors in the error table. Up to 200 errors can be stored in the memory. When memory is full, errors are not stored in the memory any more. The errors are displayed as first error first. The memory for errors is supplied by lithium battery in case of power down. If battery is not in the system or battery voltage is low, error table will be destroyed when controller will be switched off. Sample of one display with explanations is next:

> Error limit switches

21/01/03 13:45:06
Station: 03
C cleans history
others main menue

Explanation:
First row: Error message (Error limit switches)
Second row: Date of error (21/01/03) Hour of error (13:45:06)
Third row: Position of lift when in error (Station: 03) lowest floor is 01

By pressing any key, errors are displayed. At the end message ( C cleans history others main menue) appear. For clean the error table press $C$, for leave the error table press any other key.

## ERROR EXPLANATIONS

## 01 Second slip correction

Lift has tried to correct slip from floor after stopping two times unsuccessfully

- error in mechanical brake in electric lift
- brake in electric lift or valves in hydraulic switched off too late
- zone for stop magnet in station is too short
- slow speed is too fast (hydraulic or VVVF)
- error on elements for slow speed (lift attempts to stop in fast speed)


## 02 First slip correction

Lift has tried to correct slip from floor after stopping. First correction fails, second one passes

- error in mechanical brake in electric lift
- brake in electric lift or valves in hydraulic switched off too late
- zone for switch stop in station is too short
- slow speed is too fast (hydraulic or VVVF)
- error on elements for slow speed (lift attempts to stop in fast speed)


## 03 Error in counting

Lift approaches bottom or top floor with wrong position number

- error in limit switch for fast speed at bottom (input 6) switch must be off when in zone for slow speed at bottom floor
- error in limit switch for fast speed at top (input 7) switch must be off when in zone for slow speed at top floor
- error on supply voltage for limit switches for fast speed
- magnet to activate bi-stable limit switch for fast speed is too close to switch or wrong polarity (this can cause two pulses)
- number of floors defined in parameter P 04 is not correct.


## 04 Error on pre-opening

Error in Lift pre-opening cycle

- one of three conditional inputs failed during pre-opening- or opening
in drive up inputs: 16 relevelling down, 12 zone $A, 13$ zone $B$
in drive down inputs: 15 relevelling up, 12 zone $A, 13$ zone $B$
- wrong position of switches or magnets
- error on safety circuit 185 for pre-opening-opening and relevelling with open door
- error on elements for slow speed - pre-opening-opening in fast speed


## 05 Error on car door A

Error while closing car door

- error on car door contact - when door is closed input 9 and 10 must be activated
- error on motor or elements for drive motor for car door
- time in parameter V02 (closing door time) is too short timer comes to zero before door is closed
- error in power supply for car door contact


## 06 Error on car door B

Error while closing car door

- error on car door contact - when door is closed input 9 and 10 must be activated
- error on motor or elements for drive motor for car door
- time in parameter V02 (closing door time) is too short timer comes to zero before door is closed
- error in power supply for car door contact


## 07 Error on door locks A

Error while locking landing doors (after closing car door)

- error in switches on landing doors when doors are locked inputs 9, 10, and 11 must be activated
- time in parameter F01 (security lock time) is too short timer comes to zero before doors are locked
- error in power supply for locks switches


## 08 Error on door locks B

Error while locking landing doors (after closing car door)

- error in switches on landing doors when doors are locked inputs 9, 10, and 11 must be activated
- time in parameter F01 (security lock time) is too short timer comes to zero before doors are locked
- error in power supply for locks switches


## 09 Error on switch for stop up

Error on input 12 - stop up

- error on switch or on magnet
- error on other switches for stop or slow speed
- when using bi-stable magnetic switch - magnet is too close to switch ( two pulses)
- error on power supply for switches


## 10 Error on switch for slow speed up

Error on input 14 - slow speed

- error on switch or on magnet
- error on other switches for stop or slow speed
- when using bi-stable magnetic switch - magnet is too close to switch ( two pulses)
- error on power supply for switches


## 11 Error on switch for stop down

Error on input 13-stop down

- error on switch or on magnet
- error on other switches for stop or slow speed
- when using bi-stable magnetic switch - magnet is too close to switch (two pulses)
- error on power supply for switches.


## 12 Error on switch for slow speed down

Error on input 14 - slow speed

- error on switch or on magnet
- error on other switches for stop or slow speed
- when using bi-stable magnetic switch - magnet is too close to switch (two pulses)
- error on power supply for switches


## 13 Error battery low

Battery BT1 in main board is low. This battery keep only statistics and errors information and real time clock during power down periods. All other parameters and values are stored in nonvolatiole memory. In case of low battery also LED LD4 in main board is lit.
For replacement use same battery type CR 2032 lithium 3V
NOTE: Dispose old batteries properly

## 14 Error on input 21 - elements check

Input 21 was off more than 5 seconds when lift was waiting at floor

- one of contractor or relays was not released after end of drive $\mathrm{K} 1, \mathrm{~K} 2, \mathrm{~K} 3, \mathrm{~K} 4, \mathrm{~K} 6, \mathrm{~K} 7, \mathrm{~K} 9$, K31, K32, K33, R11, R12, R13, R17
- error on security circuit 185 when elevator stopped at floor
- error on external element for temperature check connected to inputs 381, 382
- motor overheating - controller for thermistors TH1 detected overheat
- error on controller for thermistors TH1 or phase sequence controller
- error on control voltage on controller


## 15 Error travel timer fast speed

Error on security timer for fast speed

- timer reaches zero before lift changes speed or stops at floor
- error with ropes or oil pressure
- error on elements for drive ( contractor, relays, valves )
- timer setting is to short


## 16 Error travel timer slow speed

Error on security timer for slow speed

- timer reaches zero before lift changes speed or stops at floor
- error with ropes or oil pressure
- error on elements for drive ( contractor, relays, valves )
- timer setting is to short


## 17 Error travel timer maintenance speed

Error with security timer for maintenance speed

- timer reaches zero before lift changes speed or stops at floor
- error with ropes or oil pressure
- error on elements for drive ( contractor, relays, valves )
- timer setting is to short


## 18 Error communication CPU B

Internal error in main board. There is no communication between microprocesor $A$ and $B$

- error in microprocesor B
- error in main board


## 19 Error in parameters

Error in parameters in memory circuit on PCB

- error because parameters in memory circuit changed incorrectly check all parameters
- value in one or more parameters is not within the limits
- error with memory circuit on PCB

NOTE In this case all fundamental settings, door settings, parameters, encoder settings and input/output settings must be read, check if they are good, and write to the control panel again. After this switch the power of control panel off and on again

## 20 Error on limit switches for fast speed

Limit switches for fast speed both off at the same time

- error on bottom limit switch for fast speed (input 6) switch must be off when in zone for slow speed at bottom floor
- error on top limit switch for fast speed (input 7) switch must be off when in zone of slow speed for top floor
- error with power supply for limit switches


## 21 Error communication car module

There is no communication between main and car board

- error in connection between boards
- error in main board
- error in car board


## 22 Error while relevelling

- while relevelling one of the inputs 12 or 13 (zone A or zone B) goes off
- error on switches or magnets
- error on elements for drive (contractor, relays, valves)
- elevator has relevelled more than 10 times in a period of 2 minutes
- error on safety circuit 185 for relevelling and pre-opening-opening


## 23 Error on door photocell input A

Input 63 car module door photocell was activated more than 1 minute
Lift runs on without checking input 63 door photocell

- error on photocell connected to input 63
- error on definition of input (NO / NC) with parameter V08
- error on power supply for photocell connected to input 63


## 24 Error on door photocell input B

Input 65 car module door photocell was activated more than 1 minute
Lift runs on without checking input 65 door photocell

- error on photocell connected to input 65
- error on definition of input (NO / NC) with parameter V10
- error on power supply for photocell connected to input 65


## 25 Error first drive

Lift was unable to made first drive after power on sequence.

- error on prelimit switches
- error on stop switches
- error on power supply


## 26 Error group

Lift is parametrized to work in group but no serial line of group is detected

- error in serial cable between group
- error in other lifts parameters


## 27 Error SSL2

There is an error in serial line link 2

- error in serial cable between nodes from 1 to 24
- error in other lifts parameters


## 28 Error SSL3

There is an error in serial line link 3

- error in serial cable between nodes from 25 to 48
- error in other lifts parameters


## 29 Error security 36

Continuous errors (more than 5 in one minute) on security 36
(terminal 303)

- bad connection or interrupted safety line
- continuous disconnections of high pressure safety on hydraulic


## 30 Start on pre-limit switch out of station

Elevator stopped and started again on pre-limit switch out of station.
This can happen due to safety line break (inputs safety line 36-39) or some other reason.
Lift goes to first drive after this error.

## 31 Re-leveling out of limits

Elevator moved out of allowed area during re-leveling.

## 32 Learn floor positions first!

Counting system 2 requires learning of floor positions before normal operation.
See explanation of parameter P3 setting 2.

## 6.5. $3 C$ STATISTICS

Statistics menu is menu with some statistical information regarding elevator drives. In this menue the counters for drives to all floors and for every 30 minutes display how many drives was made.

Sample of display is next:

$$
\text { C0 Number of drives } 12
$$

C1 Total drives 123
C2-50 Number of drives in period
00:00-00:30: 1
00:30-01:00: 2
01:00-01:30: 2
01:30-02:00: 4
Press any key to continue

Last display is:
C51-99 Number of drives to floors
floor 01: 6
floor 02: 3
floor 03: 3
C clears counters,
others main menue

At the end message ( C clears counters others main menue) appear. For clear the counters press $C$, for leave the values in the counters and just go out from menue press any other key.
Explanation of the counters is next:

## C1 COUNTER OF DRIVES - resetable

This counter, goes to zero when error table is reset.

## C2 COUNTER OF DRIVES - life counter

Counter can not be reset.
C3-C50 COUNTER OF DRIVES FROM STATION 1 TO STATION 48 - resetable This counter, goes to zero when error table is reset.

## C51-C98 COUNTER OF DRIVES IN HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD - resetable

This counter, goes to zero when error table is reset.

### 6.6. 4 F FUNDAMENTAL SETTINGS

List of parameters in fundamental settings menue is next:

## F1 DOORS LOCK TIMER <br> 1-20 sec.

Time in which locks must be made after closing doors. Input 11-main must be active. If the input is not active when the timer comes to zero, the doors will open again. After three attempts without a result the timer V5 (door error) will activate, and after this time there will be one attempt to close and lock the doors. Also the error will be logged in the error table.

## F2 PARKING TIMER 1-1250 s.

Time after which the lift will go to the parking floor if there is no landing or car calls. Parking floor is defined in parameter P13. Value on terminal is multiplied by 5 (if the number is 10 then the value is 50 s )

## F3 PARKING TIMER FILLING AND EMPTYING

1-1250 s.
Time after which the lift will go to the parking floor if theere is no landing or car calls in filling or emptying sequece. Parking floors are defined in parameters P14 and P15. Value on terminal is multiplied by 5 (if the number is 10 then the value is 50 s )

## F4 DIRECTION HOLD TIMER

1-20 sec.
Time in which the output for the direction is still present after arrival at the floor.
(outputs 47 and 48 - car). Also the lift will continue to travel in this direction if a call is active in the same direction when time comes to zero..

## F5 CALL DELAY TIMER

In case using up and down selective system when one input will be accepted another will be refused in period on duration of this timer. Unit of setting is second. We can program from 1 to 20 seconds

| F6 START FILLING hour | $\mathbf{0 - 2 3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Setting of hour for start filling |  |

F7 START FILLING minute 0-59
Setting of minute for start filling

| F8 END FILLING hour | $\mathbf{0 - 2 3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Setting of hour for end filling |  |

F9 END FILLING minute 0-59
Setting of minute for end filling

| F10 START EMPTYING hour | $\mathbf{0 - 2 3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Setting of hour for start emptying |  |

F11 START EMPTYING minute 0-59
Setting of minute for start emptying
F12 END EMPTYING hour 0-23
Setting of hour for end emptying
F13 END EMPTYING minute 0-59
Setting of minute for end emptying

## F14 GROUP TIMER

Timer is valid in group operaton (multi elevator). If first elevator not execute the command in this time, second one will also start to this command. Unit of setting is second. We can program from 1 to 99 seconds

## F15 ARRIVAL GONG TIMER

1-20 sec.
Timer for output arrival at floor - gong (output 49-car )

## F16 CAR EXTRACTION FAN TIME

1-90 sec.
Timer to define how long the output for the car extraction fan (relay RE11 outputs 30, 31-main) and (output 52 car ) remains on after the end of travel.

## F17 BUTTON BACKLIGHT <br> 0-50\%

Inactive call button backlight setting. Call buttons are illuminated all the time so we can see them in the darkness.
0 - button backlight is off

## F18 BEEP TIME

$0.0-0.7 \mathrm{~s}$
Beep time when some call pushbutton is pressed.
Beeper output on car module is terminal 51 »occupied / beeper". Combined display / floor modules have beeper already on board.
F18 $=0-$ no beep, function of car module terminal 51 is occupied
$\mathrm{F} 18=0.1 \ldots 0.7$ - beep, function of car module terminal 51 is beeper
NOTE: Function works only with system types $\mathrm{PO}=5$ and 6 with combined display / node (floor) modules.

## F19 GONG DELAY TIME

Gong delay after switching to slow speed or coming to the station (depends on parameter P5).

### 6.7. 5V DOOR SETTINGS

List of parameters in door settings menue is next:

## V1 OPEN DOOR TIMER

1-60 sec.
Time in which doors will remain open at a floor

## V2 CLOSING DOOR TIMER

1-60 sec.
Time in which the doors must close - input 10-main must be active. If input is not active when timer comes to zero, the doors will open again. After three attempts without a result the timer V5 (door error) will activate, then after this time there will be one attempt to close the doors. Also the error will be logged in the error table

## V3 HOLD DOOR TIMER

$1-90 \mathrm{sec}$.
Timer is active when we use door type 5 or 8 (parameter V61). In this case after the timed period the outputs for doors will cancel as long as the lift stays at the floor. If timer is set on value 60 then antivandal is not in function.

## V4 EXCHANGE CLOSE OPEN TIMER

$0.1-9.0$ sec.
Time delay between close relay de-energizing and open relay energizing.

## V5 DOOR ERROR TIMER

1-10 min.
Time which will start after 3 errors in doors closing or locking. Also all commands will be cleared when this is active.

## V6 EXTEND OPEN DOOR TIMER

1-60 sec.
Additional time which will add to open door time (V1) when input Photocell (input 63-car for photocell door A and input 65-car for photocell door B) is activated
V7 SPECIAL OPEN DOOR TIMER 1-90 sec.
Special open door timer will add time to open door time (V1) when input (Additional doors open terminal 67-car) is activated

## V8 INPUT PHOTOCELL DOOR A

Definition for terminal 63 - car module

## V9 INPUT OBSTRUCTION DOOR A

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 64 - car module
V10 INPUT PHOTOCELL DOOR B NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 65 - car module
V11 INPUT OBSTRUCTION DOOR B
NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 66-car module
V12 PRE-OPENING OF DOORS 0-3
0-disabled
1-reserved
2 - when relevelling switches + zone $A$ and zone $B$ are on pre-opening is activated when the lift approaches in slow speed to floor and the three inputs below are activated:
when traveling up input 16 main module
input 12 main module zone A
input 13 main module zone $B$
when traveling down
input 15 main module relevelling up
input 12 main module zone A
input 13 main module zone $B$

## V13 DOOR TYPE

1 - photocell / semiautomatic NOTE: NOT FOR USE IN THE EU
photocell is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Doors locks are connected in series between inputs 10 and 11 main module. The output relay RE7 drives the retiring cam

2 - manual / semi-automatic - input priority drive is on when the car is empty NOT FOR USE IN THE EU Semi-automatic landing doors are connected between inputs 8 and 9 main module. Manual car doors are connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Doors locks are connected in series between inputs 10 and 11 main module. The output relay RE7 drives retiring cam. Input 07-car - priority drive becomes on, with car empty. If the car is empty the lift will respond to a floor call even if the car door is not closed

## 3 - folding (bus) / semi-automatic

Semi-automatic landing doors are connected between inputs 8 and 9 main module. Car door contact is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Series connected switches of landing doors are connected between inputs 10 and 11 main module. Outputs RE8 and RE7 drives opening and closing of car door. Car door will remain open when the lift is waiting at floors

4-automatic / semi-automatic
Semi-automatic landing doors are connected between inputs 8 and 9 main module. Car door contact is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Series connected switches of landing doors are connected between inputs 10 and 11 main module. Outputs RE8 and RE7 drive opening and closing of car door. Car door remains open when lift is waiting at a floor

5 - automatic doors without limit switches / semi-automatic
Semi-automatic landing doors are connected between inputs 8 and 9 main module. Car door contact is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Series connected switches of landing doors are connected between inputs 10 and 11 main module. Outputs RE8 and RE7 drive opening and closing of car door. Car door remains open when lift is waiting at floor. When lift is waiting at floor after time defined with parameter V3, output RE8 for open door goes off

6 - automatic / automatic
Inputs 8 and 9 main module are short connected. Car door contact is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Series connected switches of landing doors are connected between inputs 10 and 11 main module. Outputs RE8 and RE7 drives opening and closing of car door. Car door parks closed when lift is waiting at floor..

7 - automatic / automatic - waiting with open door NOTE: NOT FOR USE IN THE EU
Inputs 8 and 9 main module are short connected. Car door contact is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Series connected switches of landing doors are connected between inputs 10 and 11 main module. Outputs RE8 and RE7 drives opening and closing of car door. Car door parks opened when lift is waiting at floor..

8 - automatic doors without limit switches / automatic
Inputs 8 and 9 main module are short connected. Car door contact is connected between inputs 9 and 10 main module. Series connected switches of landing doors are connected between inputs 10 and 11 main module. Outputs RE8 and RE7 drives opening and closing of car door. Car door parks closed when lift is waiting at floor. Park time defined with parameter V3 output RE7 for close door goes off

| Possible setting is 0 do 3 | 0 | car doors are closed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | opening of doors A |  |
| 2 | opening of doors B |  |
|  | 3 | opening of doors A and B |

### 6.8. 6P PARAMETERS

| P0 | SYSTEM TYPE | 1-6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | E-type classic 8 stops | UP and DOWN collective ( main and car modules ) |
| 2 | E-type classic 12 stops | DOWN collective ( main and car modules ) |
| 3 | E-type classic 16 stops | UP and DOWN collective ( main, car and ext modules ) |
| 4 | E - type classic 24 stops | DOWN collective ( main, car and ext modules ) |
| 5 | E-type serial 24 stops | UP and DOWN collective ( main, car modules and nodes ) |
| 6 | E-type serial 48 stops | UP and DOWN collective ( main, car, ext modules and nodes ) |

P1 ELEVATOR TYPE

0 - electric two speed - or one speed
1-electric VVVF
2 - hydraulic type 1-delay of pump on travel UP time of delay is defined in parameter P11 (delay time)
3 - hydraulic type 2 - no delays
4 - hydraulic type 3 - delay of valves on travel UP time of delay is defined in parameter P11 (delay time)

## P2 OPERATION SYSTEM

1 - up and down collective two buttons
2 - down collective only single button
3 - down collective all floors + 2 floors up and down, single button
4 - down collective all floors + 2 and 3 floor up and down
5 - down collective all floors $+2+3$ and 4 floor up and down
6 - not in use
7 - APB - only 1 call at any one time

## P3 COUNTING SYSTEM

1-4 switches
stop up stop down slow speed up slow speed down
input 12 main module
input 13 main module
input 15 main module input 16 main module

2 - incremental pulses (in preparation)

3-1 switch
4-3 switches ( 2 switches)

5-3 switches ( 2 switches)

6-6 switches - tip $1+$ zone $A$ and $B$
stop and slow speed
stop up stop down slow speed
stop up stop down slow speed
slow speed up slow speed down zone $A$ and $B$ relevelling up relevelling down
input 12 and 13 main module
input 12 main module
input 13 main module
input 14 main module
input 12 main module
input 13 main module
input 14 main module
input 12 main module
input 13 main module
input 14 main module
input 15 main module
input 16 main module

| 7-5 switches - tip $4+$ zone $A$ and $B$ | zone A | input | 12 main module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | zone B | input | 13 main module |
|  | relevelling up | input | 15 main module |
|  | relevelling down | input | 16 main module |
|  | slow speed | input | 14 main module |
| 8-5 switches - tip $5+$ zone A and B | zone A | input | 12 main module |
|  | zone B | input | 13 main module |
|  | relevelling up | input | 15 main module |
|  | relevelling down | input | 16 main module |
|  | slow speed | input | 14 main module |

P4 NUMBER OF FLOORS
Defines the number of floors for the lift. Change of value will be valid only after restart of CPU (power off and on)

## P5 ARRIVAL (GONG) OUTPUT TYPE

1 and 5 - starts on change down to slow speed.
Output is activated when the lift changes speed from fast to slow. Length of time is defined in parameter F14.

2 and 6 - starts when lift stops at floor level.
Output is activated when lift has stopped at floor level. Length of time is defined in parameter F14.
3 and 7 - starts in slow speed but only active if floor call present.
Output is activated when lift changes speed from fast to slow but only if the landing call is active at the current floor. Length of time is defined in parameter F14.

4 and 8 - starts when lift has stopped at floor and has active floor call.
Output is activated when lift arrives at floor level but only if the landing call is active at that floor.
Length of time is defined with parameter F14.
5, 6, 7 and 8 - two outputs for gong.
When lift is traveling down gong output (49 car), and when is traveling up »out of work« output ( 50 car ) is switched on. Output »out of work« doesn't have its basic function in this case.

P6 DIRECTION INDICATOR OUTPUT TYPE
Setting is valid for direction outputs on CAR module and NODE modules!
1 - when lift running + direction hold time.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car) are active during all drive time (fast and slow speed) and during direction hold time (parameter F4).

2 - when lift running only.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car) are active during all drive time (fast and slow speed).
3 - when lift is in slow speed and waiting at floor.
Outputs for direction ( 47 and 48 car ) are active when lift is in slow speed and when waiting at a floor. When the lift is waiting at a floor without calls both outputs ( 47 and 48 car) are activated.

4 - when lift is waiting at a floor.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car) are active when lift is waiting at a floor. When lift is waiting at a floor without calls both outputs ( 47 and 48 car) are activated.

0 - Lift works normally after end of fire alarm
After input ( 20 main - fire alarm) goes off the lift resumes work normally
1 - Power off and on after end of fire alarm
After input ( 20 main - fire alarm) goes off, restart of CPU is necessary for normal working (power off and power on again)

2 - maintenance on and maintenance off after fire alarm
After input ( 20 main - fire alarm) goes off it is necessary for maintenance input ( 09 car) to be switched on and off for normal working to be resumed

P8 DOORS IN FIRE ALARM 0-5
Definition for doors when fire alarm input (input 20 main) is activated. Input for fire alarm is defined as on when the remote alarm contact is closed. Conversion to a normally closed contact is not possible. With these parameter we also select European or Australian norm:
0 - doors in fire alarm closed - fire drive in AS 1735.2 norm,
1 - doors in fire alarm opened - fire drive in AS 1735.2 norm,
2 - doors in fire alarm closed - fire drive in EN81-72 norm,
3 - doors in fire alarm opened - fire drive in EN81-72 norm,
4 - doors in fire alarm closed - fire drive in EN81-72 norm, when fire drive is on doors are closing with reduced power regardless to door obstruction,
5 - doors in fire alarm opened - fire drive in EN81-72 norm, when fire drive is on doors are closing with reduced power regardless to door obstruction.

Doors are opened when lift comes to the fire alarm floor and then closed or not regarding to parameter P8. It is possible to open doors later with car and landing call buttons or with opening door button.

## ATTENTION

When doors are closing and obstruction is present door slow speed must be made with relay logic. (EN8172 norm chapter 5.8.6)

## P9 CORRECTION AT SLIP

0 - if the lift drops the input for the stop signal after it has stopped at a floor before the time of stabilization (parameter P23) The lift will continue to the next floor in the same direction in fast speed.

1 - if the lift drops the input for the stop signal after it has stopped at a floor before the time of stabilization (parameter P23) The lift is reversed back to previous floor in slow speed in the opposite direction

## P10 STAR DELTA TIMER

0-20 sec.
Timer for the pump change-over in star delta connection. On starting, outputs (relay RE1 terminals 44,45 main) and (relay RE3 terminals 38,39 main) are activated. After the star delta timer output (relay RE3) goes off and output (relay RE2 terminals 41,42 main) goes on.

## P11 PUMP OR VALVES DELAY TIME

$0.0-9.9 \mathrm{sec}$.
Timer defining the delay of outputs for the pump or valves after the end of travel in up direction on hydraulic lifts. Selection between pump or valves is made with parameter P1 (settings 2 or 4 ).

[^1]
## P13 PARKING STATION

Definition of parking station. If input value is 0 parking is disabled.
Time without calls needed before parking is defined with parameter F2.
If value is set to 99, the AUTOPARK system is in use. Lift define most usable station for each 30 minutes as parking station.

## P14 PARKING STATION FOR FILLING

Definition of parking station for filling. If input value is 0 filling is disabled.
Time without calls needed before parking is defined with parameter F3.
Real time for filling function is define with parameters F6, F7, F8 and F9

## P15 PARKING STATION FOR EMPTYING <br> 0-48

Definition of parking station for emptying. If input value is 0 emptying is disabled.
Time without calls needed before parking is defined with parameter F3.
Real time for emptying function is define with parameters F10, F11, F12 and F13

## P16 FIRE ALARM STATION

1-48
Defines fire alarm floor. Setting 0 is not possible. Lift goes to fire alarm floor when input for fire alarm (input 20 main) becomes active.

## P17 SHORT DRIVE <br> 0-5

Possible setting is from 0 to 5 stations. This function is used with VVVF regulation. If call is in area of this stations, elevator will start with middle speed and calculate delay for change speed from middle to slow

## P18 DELAY SHORT DRIVE

0,0-9,9 sec.
Possible setting is from 0 to 99 miliseconds
This is delay for slow speed when elevator work with middle speed in short drive function.

## P19 TRAVEL TIME - FAST SPEED <br> $0-450 \mathrm{sec}$.

Security timer. Timer runs when the lift is in fast speed. When the lift reaches switch for stop in station the timer runs again. The lift must reach next station or stop before this timer reaches zero. If the timer reaches zero during fast speed all outputs are disabled. Reset is only possible by switching the power off and back on after a few seconds
Timer is disabled when it is set to 0 .

## P20 TRAVEL TIME - SLOW SPEED

0-450 sec.
Security timer. Timer runs when the lift is in slow speed. The lift must stop before this timer reaches zero. If the timer reaches zero during slow speed all outputs are disabled. Reset is only possible by switching the power off and back on after a few seconds
Timer is disabled when it is set to 00 .

## P21 TRAVEL TIME - TEST SPEED <br> 0-450 sec.

Security timer. Timer runs when the lift is driven on maintenance ( test). The lift must stop before this timer reaches zero. If the timer reaches zero during maintenance drive all outputs are disabled. Reset is only possible by switching the power off and back on after a few seconds
Timer is disabled when it is set to 00 ..

## P22 SWITCH DE-BOUNCE TIME

## $0.0-9.0 \mathrm{sec}$.

Timer to eliminate double counting because of bad contacts on the switches for counting and positioning. This timer is active on inputs $12,13,14,15$ and 16 in main module. After changing the state of these inputs the input is enabled for the period of this timer. The timer runs for each input independently.

## P23 STABILIZATION TIME

Timer starts after the end of travel. In the period of this timer all activities are disabled. After this time expires the next stage starts (opening doors, drive with fast or slow speed etc. )

## P24 YEAR

Setting of year in date for real time clock

## P25 MONTH

Setting of year in date for real time clock

## P26 DAY

Setting of year in date for real time clock

## P27 HOUR

Setting of year in date for real time clock

## P28 MINUTE

Setting of year in date for real time clock

## P29 GROUP

Possible setting is 1 to 4
1 one elevator - simplex
2 up to 8 equal elevators
3 reserved (do not use)
4 reserved (do not use )
P30 NUMBER OF ELEVATORS IN GROUP 1-8
P31 ELEVATOR NUMBER 1-8
Each elevator in group operation must have different number.
Numbers starts from number one.

## P32 FLOOR SHIFT IN GROUP

This setting allows group operation with shifted floors. If the 1 st station of the lift is in the level of 2 nd or 3rd station of other lift in group, difference can be written in this parameter.
Setting of display PK96 is the same for all elevators in group. It should be set according to the lift with the lowest first station.
Example for two elevators connected in duplex:
Elevator 1 with stations $\mathrm{C} 2, \mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{G}, 1,2$; setting of $\mathrm{P} 32=0$, $\mathrm{P} 4=5$; setting of PK 96 is $\mathrm{C} 2, \mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{G}, 1,2$.
Elevator 2 with stations $G, 1,2$; setting of $P 32=2, P 4=3$; setting of $P K 96$ is $C 2, C 1, G, 1,2$.

## P33 MAX. FLOORS FOR SINGLE DRIVE

Maximal number of floors for single drive. It should be set in case when traveling time between first and last station is longer than maximal allowed traveling time.
When lift reaches preset number of floors it stops in station and then continues to desired station.
Function is disabled when this parameter is set to 0 .

## P34 DIRECTION INDICATOR ON DISPLAY

Setting is valid for direction display on PK96 dot-matrix display!
1 - when lift running + direction hold time.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car ) are active during all drive time (fast and slow speed) and during direction hold time (parameter F4).

2 - when lift running only.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car) are active during all drive time (fast and slow speed).
3 - when lift is in slow speed and waiting at floor.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car) are active when lift is in slow speed and when waiting at a floor. When the lift is waiting at a floor without calls both outputs ( 47 and 48 car) are activated.

4 - when lift is waiting at a floor.
Outputs for direction (47 and 48 car ) are active when lift is waiting at a floor. When lift is waiting at a floor without calls both outputs ( 47 and 48 car ) are activated.

### 6.9. 7D SPECIAL DRIVES

\section*{D1 RESERVED (TEST DRIVE) 0-1 DISABLED ( ACCORDING EU RULES ) <br> | D2 RESERVED | (EXTRACTING) | $\mathbf{0 - 1}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DISABLED | (ACCORDING EU RULES ) |  |
| D3 RESERVED | (MOVE FOR ONE FLOOR) | $\mathbf{+ 1}$ |
| Elevator can drive one floor up od down by this command <br> $8=$ UP, $2=$ DOWN |  |  |}

D4 RESERVED (MOVE TO FLOOR) $\mathbf{1 - 4 8}$
Elevator can drive to desire floor by this comand
D5 DEMO SYSTEM minute 0-99
Demonstration system is system wich generates random commands for elevator. Also all commands wich are present by passangers are valid. Time for duration of this mode is entering in minutes. After this time is running out elevator continues with normal operation.

## D6 HOLD AFTER TEST

We can select between setting 0 or 1 . If we input 0 , this function is deactivated. When 1 is set function is in operation. In normal mode this function have no influence to work. Also start of maintenance mode and all maintenance mode is normal. When we put elevator from maintenace mode to normal mode again, it will not start but hold until we put 0 to this parameter again. Also turn main switch off and on again will made that elevator will
start working.

## D7 LANDING CALLS OFF

0-1
Put 1 to this function will made that all landing calls will not be valid and not accepted
D8 OPENING DOORS OFF
Put 1 to this function will made that doors will not be opened in stations.

### 6.10. 8S ENCODER SETTINGS - in preparation

S1 ENCODER CODE 2602
Code to avoid unwanted acces to encoder menu

## S2 LEARNING

ON / OFF (1-0)
CPU will read distances between stations. Lift will go down to bottom, than up to top and down to bottom again.
Lift must not be stopped during this function.

## S3 DISTANCE OF SWITCH SLOW DOWN

Distance between slow down point and stop point in increments of encoder

## S4 DISTANCE OF SWITCH SLOW UP

Distance between slow up point and stop point in increments of encoder

## S5-S51 LEVEL OF STATION 2-48

Position of station in increments of encoder. Value is automaticaly calculated in Learning function and can be manually adjust

### 6.11. 9l INPUT / OUTPUT SETTINGS

## I1 SLOW SPEED

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 14 - main module

## 12 RELEVELLING UP

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 15 - main module

## I3 RELEVELLING DOWN

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 16 - main module

## 14 MAINTENANCE ON

Definition for terminal 17-main module and terminal 09-car module

## I5 MAINTENANCE UP

Definition for terminal 18 - main module and terminal 10-car module

## I6 MAINTENANCE DOWN

Definition for terminal 19-main module and terminal 11-car module

## 17 FIRE DRIVE

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 20 - main module

## 18 ELEMENTS CHECK

Definition for terminal 21 - main module

## 19 STOP IN STATION DOWN ( ZONE B )

Definition for terminal 13 - main module

## 110 STOP IN STATION UP

(ZONE A )
NO / NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 12 - main module
111 reserved
I12 POSITION INDICATOR TYPE
Definition for type of digital position outputs
0 - decimal ( wire per floor )
1 - binary
113 BINARY INDICATOR TYPE
Definition for binary position output

| 0 | - | position for first floor is | 000000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | position for second floor is | 000001 |
|  |  | position for thirth floor is | 000010 |
|  |  | position for fourth floor is | 000011 |
| 1 | - | position for first floor is | 000001 |
|  |  | position for second floor is | 000010 |
|  |  | position for thirth floor is | 000011 |
|  |  | position for fourth floor is | 000100 |

## I14 DOOR OPEN A <br> NO/NC (0-1)

Definition for terminal 68 - car module

## I15 DOOR OPEN B

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 69-car module

## 116 DOOR CLOSE

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 70 - car module
117 DOORS OPEN OUT OF STATION
NO/YES (0-1)
If there is no "stop in station" signal and value is 0 doors can not open in any case

## 118 CAR FULL LOAD

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 05 - car module

## 119 CAR OVERLOAD

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 06-car module

## 120 PRIORITY DRIVE

NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 07 - car module
121 FIREFIGHTERS DRIVE
NO/NC (0-1)
Definition for terminal 08-car module

### 6.12. OW SAVE SETTINGS TO EEPROM

After changes parameters are stored only in working memory. To save parameters to permanent memory, function W (Save settings to EEPROM) must be executed. To save the parameters elevator must be in maintenance mode. This is made to avoid change in parameters by other people than officially maintenance personal.

## WARNING

Elevator parameters must be saved to permanent memory in 10 minutes after change. Otherwise elevator stops and previous parameter set is restored. After that elevator goes to first drive and works normal with previous parameter set.

### 6.13. PRESETING AND FACTORY RESET

Parameter preseting is made in production process and it depens on customer order. With that parameters is also made complete testing.

Preset parameters are placed in the last page of instructions. There is also place made where installer can write parameters which he will change during the instalation.

## WARNING

SEC ELECTRONICS is not responsible for all additional parameter changing, which would be made from non authorizated person and could bring to controller or person damage,.

FACTORY RESET can be made when the power is ON, controller is in maintenance mode (terminal 17 on main module). We must activate for 1 second, fire drive (terminal 20 on main module) maintenance up and maintenance down (terminals 18 and 19 on main module) at the same time. These function is possible only 10 seconds after the controller is powered ON (LED display is ON).

## WARNING

When factory reset is made parameters are diferent as preset values. Is essential to made parameter correction. Look to the list of preset parameters or contact SEC ELECTRONICS!

## WARNING

Between factory reset procedure it could came to uncontrollable controller activity so all controller outputs must be disconected.

Parameters after factory reset:

| Parameter F | Value | Parameter $\mathbf{P}$ | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 Lock door time [1-20s] | 10 | 00 System type [1-6] | 1 |
| 02 Parking time [5-1250s]* | 120 | 01 Elevator type [0-4] | 0 |
| 03 Parking time filling/emptying [5-1250s]* | 15 | 02 Operation system [1-7] | 1 |
| 04 Direction hold time [1-20s] | 2 | 03 Counting system [1-8] | 4 |
| 05 Call delay timer [s] | 2 | 04 Number of stations [2-48] | 8 |
| 06 Start filling [hh] | 0 | 05 Arrival output type [1-4] | 1 |
| 07 Start filling [mm] | 0 | 06 Direction indicator outputs type [1-5] | 1 |
| 08 Stop filling [hh] | 0 | 07 Ouput from fire alarm [0-2] | 0 |
| 09 Stop filling [mm] | 0 | 08 Doors in fire alarm, EU/AUS [0-5] | 0 |
| 10 Start emptying [hh] | 0 | 09 Correction at slip [0-1] | 1 |
| 11 Start emptying [mm] | 0 | 10 Star delta time [0-20s] | 1 |
| 12 End emptying [hh] | 0 | 11 Pump or valves delay time [0,1-9,9s]* | 1 |
| 13 End emptying [mm] | 0 | 12 Speed on maintenance [1-2] | 1 |
| 14 Group time [1-99s] | 20 | 13 Parking station [0-n, 99] | 0 |
| 15 Arrival gong time [1-20s] | 5 | 14 Parking station filling [0-n] | 0 |
| 16 Cabine blower time [1-90s] | 20 | 15 Parking station emptying [0-n] | 0 |
| 17 Button backlight [0-50\%] | 0 | 16 Fire alarm station [1-n] | 1 |
| 18 Beep time [0,0-0,7s] | 0 | 17 Short drive [0-10] | 0 |
| 19 Gong delay time [1-20s] | 1 | 18 Switch delay short drive [0,1-9,9s]* | 0 |
| Parameter V | Value | 19 Flight time - fast speed [0-450s] | 300 |
| 01 Open door time [1-60s] | 3 | 20 Flight time - slow speed [0-450s] | 300 |
| 02 Closing door time [1-60s] | 10 | 21 Flight time - maint. speed [0-450s] | 0 |
| 03 Hold door time [1-60s] | 1 | 22 Switch debounce time [0,0s -9,9s]* | 1 |
| 04 Exchange close/open [0,1-9,9s]* | 0,5 | 23 Stabilisation time [0,0-9,9s]* | 1 |
| 05 Door error time [1-10min] | 1 | 29 Group [1-2] | 1 |
| 06 Extend open door time [1-60s] | 1 | 30 Number of lifts in group [1-8] | 1 |
| 07 Special open door time [1-60s] | 1 | 31 Lift number in group [1-8] | 1 |
| 08 Input photocell door A | 0 | 32 Floor shift in group [0-8] | 0 |
| 09 Input obstruction door A | 0 | 33 Max. floors for single drive [0-48] | 0 |
| 10 Input photocell door B | 0 | 34 Direction indicator on display [1-4] | 2 |
| 11 Input obstruction door B | 0 |  |  |
| 12 Preopening doors [0,1,2] | 0 |  |  |
| 13 Door type [1-8] | 6 |  |  |
| 14 Opening doors floor 1-48 | 1 |  |  |

NOTE * - The value on console is different, this is the value on computer editor - Input logic: 104 and 108 have value 1, other 0

- Parameters D - all values are 0


## 7. ABBREVIATIONS

### 7.1. TERMINALS ON CONTROL PANEL

| 0 | ground |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | L1 input 3 ( 400V (415V) AC $50 \mathrm{~Hz}(60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| 2 | L2 input |
| 3 | L3 input |
| 4 | $N$ input |
| N | $N$ input |
| Nc | N input - neutral for cabin light |
| 5 | motor U1 main motor on electric elevator or pump motor on hydraulic elevator |
| 6 | motor V1 |
| 7 | motor W1 |
| 8 | motor U2 |
| 9 | motor W2 |
| 10 | motor V2 |
| 11 | L input phase for cabin light |
| Lc | L input phase for cabin light |
| 12 | door motor U1 DOOR A |
| 13 | door motor V1 |
| 14 | door motor W1 |
| 15 | door motor U1 DOOR B |
| 16 | door motor V1 |
| 17 | door motor W1 |
| 18 | blower motor U1 ( only on electric elevator ) |
| 19 | blower motor V1 |
| 20 | blower motor W1 |
| 21 | blower in cabin 230 V AC |
| 22 | oil heater |
| 23 | thermal switch for blower motor ( only on electric elevator ) |
| 24 | thermal switch for blower motor |
| 25 | brake ( only on electric elevator ) |
| 25a | brake second terminal (if brake voltage is not insulated with transformer) |
| 26 | retiring cam ( only on semiautomatic door ) |
| 26a | retiring cam second terminal ( if retiring cam voltage is not insulated with transformer) |
| 27 | +48V |
| 28 | fast speed limit switch down |
| 29 | fast speed limit switch up |
| 30 |  |
| 30A | final limit switch in hydraulic systems |
| 31 | safety circuit start |
| 31a | safety circuit after stop in cabin |
| 31 b | safety circuit after stop maintenance |
| 31 c | safety circuit after maintenance switches |
| 31d | safery circuit after slack rope switch |

(
34a safety circuit afer overspeed slack rope switch
35 safety circuit after stop in shaft switch
36 safety circuit after internal protections (phase failure, VVVF status etc )
37 safety circuit after landing doors switches
38 safety circuit after cabin door switch
39 safety circuit after landing doors lock switches
$40 \quad+48 \mathrm{~V}$
41 open contact for door - common
42 open contact for door - opening
43 open contact for door - closing
44 door close input
45
46

49 door A open input
50 door B open input
54 photocell input door B
55 obstruction input door B
56 solenoid valve down
57 solenoid valve up
58 solenoid valve fast speed down
59 solenoid valve fast speed up
61 stop up switch or zone A switch
62 stop down switch or zone B switch
63 relevelling up switch
64 relevelling down switch
65 slow speed up switch
66 slow speed down switch
67 cabin full load switch
68 cabin overload
69 maintenance drive on switch
70 maintenance drive up switch
71 maintenance drive down switch
72 button force door closing
73 priority drive switch
74 door photocell switch
75 button force door opening
76 door obstruction switch

121 output cabin overload
122 output arrival to station - gong
123 output out of work
124 output occupied / beeper
131 output direction down
132 output direction up
222 serial indicator - data

276 solenoid valve down - hydraulic BERINGER with module ELRV

277 solenoid valve up - hydraulic BERINGER with module ELRV
277a
351 switch for emergency lowering
switch for emergency lowering
output for emergency door opening
solenoid valve for emergency lowering ( 12 V DC )
output emergency alarm (12V DC)
output emergency light ( 12V DC )
emergency alarm button input (connection to the ground)
thermistors in main motor or pump motor
384
A, B intercom connection
C1-C48 cabin inputs 1 to 48 floor
U1- U48 upward calls 1 to 48 floor
D1- D48 downward calls 1 to 48 floor
P1-P48 position output 1 to 48 floor
PA - PF position output - binary

### 7.2. ELEMENTS ON CONTROL PANEL

| K1 | contactor UP |
| :--- | :--- |
| K2 | contactor DOWN |
| K3 | contactor FAST SPEED |
| K4 | contactor SLOW SPEED |
| K6 | contactor motor ( VVVF lift ) |
| K6A | contactor motor ( VVVF lift ) |
| K18 | contactor RETIRING CAM |
| K31 | contactor PUMP STAR |
| K32 | contactor PUMP ON |
| K33 | contactor PUMP DELTA |
|  |  |
| K20 | contactor motor BLOWER |
| K21 | contactor door A open |
| K22 | contactor door A close |
| K23 | contactor door B open |
| K24 | contactor door B close |

R1 safety relay on safety circuit 185
R2 safety relay on safety circuit 185
R3 safety relay on safety circuit 185
R4 safety relay on safety circuit 185
R10 relay light in car
R11 relay down
R12 relay up
R13 relay up and down
R14 relay safety after cabin door
R15 relay safety after doors locks
R17 relay fast speed
R18 relay retiring cam
R30 relay emergency lowering
R31 relay emergency lowering
R32 relay emergency opening door
R91 relay down - hydraulic BERINGER module ELRV
R92 relay up - hydraulic BERINGER module ELRV
R93 relay maintenance - hydraulic BERINGER module ELRV
RL relay emergency light
RB relay blower in the cabin
F1 fuse for electronic board main
F2 3F fuse for door motor
F4 fuse transformer
F5 fuse transformer
F6 fuse 24 V
F7 fuse 48V
F8 fuse 230 V AC for contactors
F31 3F fuse for motor
V1 solenoid valve down
V2 solenoid valve up
V3 solenoid valve slow speed
V4 solenoid valve fast speed
V9 solenoid valve emergency lowering
RE1 relay pump on
RE2 relay pump delta
RE3 relay pump star
RE4 relay up
RE5 relay down
RE6 relay high speed
RE7 relay door A close
RE8 relay door A open
RE9 relay door B close
RE10 relay door B open

## 8. COUNTING SENSORS CONNECTION AND POSITION

E-type control panels can work with 7 different counting sensor installations. Correct counting system is selected through programming with parameter P3

All inputs for counting (input $61,62,63,64,65$ and 66 ) can be programmed as normally open or normally close inputs depending on switches used.

Some notes for installation:
NOTE bistable switches must be mounted correctly - cable is on bottom side of switch
NOTE There must be 10 mm space between magnet and switch for proper operation


NOTE magnet must be mounted at 90 degree angle according to switch


CORRECT


WRONG

NOTE switches and magnets must not be mounted near to other metal parts (bolts, brackets)


CORRECT


WRONG

NOTE magnets for bistable switches must be correctly oriented (black - white)
NOTE first time bistable switches must be triggered manually ( by magnet )
NOTE prelimit switches described in this manual are bistable magnetic type which is not always acceptable - especially for speeds up to $1,6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ where prelimit switches must be mechanical type
(as final limit switch )
NOTE final limit switch is not described in this manual - but it is obligatory










## 9. CONNECTION DURING INSTALLATION PHASE

WARNING - ATTENTION
This wiring is temporary wiring acceptable only during installation phase. Wiring and use of lift systems under these conditions is permitted only for qualified personnel. Only qualified personnel may undertake the moving of the lift. After end of work, lift must be switched OFF. After installation phase, this temporary wiring must be removed, and replaced with normal and valid wiring system

## WARNING - ATTENTION

Involved personnel must be made fully aware that when using this wiring during installation phase, the only safety element for stopping lift is the stop button. No other device is connected to the system during this period.

WARNING - ATTENTION All wire bridges for terminal's short circuit connection must be removed after the installation period and replaced with the valid wiring system.

WARNING - ATTENTION This method for installation is not valid in all countries. In this case local and national safety regulation must be considered.

### 9.1. POWER SUPPLY

Power supply must be applied to the control panel. In some version terminal Lc is used instead 11.


NOTE After switch ON check phase sequence device. BOTH LED DIODES MUST LIT. If not, switch supply OFF and change wires between terminals 2 and 3 (correct phase sequence)

### 9.2. MOTOR CONNECTION

Terminals for one speed motor ( hydraulic direct start, hydraulic soft start, electric one speed electric VVVF, electric ACVV)


Terminals for two speed motor ( electric two speed)


> MOTOR U1 - FAST SPEED
> MOTOR V1 - FAST SPEED
> MOTOR W1 - FAST SPEED
> MOTOR U2 - SLOW SPEED
> MOTOR V2 - SLOW SPEED
> MOTOR W2 - SLOW SPEED

Terminals for one speed motor with 6 wires ( hydraulic star delta start)


### 9.3. MAINTENANCE AND SAFETY CONNECTION

If switch for maintenance drive is normally close ( parameter I4 is 1) connection is:


If switch for maintenance drive is normally open (parameter 14 is 0 ) connection is:


NOTE In some systems terminal 27 is not in use. In this case terminal 40 is the same as terminal 27
At hidraulic lift instalation we must also bridge terminals 30 and 30A (final limit switch).

## WARNING - ATTENTION

Prelimit and final limit switches are not connected in this case and therefore offer no protection from over travel of the lift car

## 10. START UP

### 10.1. PREPOWER CHECKS

The following should be checked before switching ON the control panel:

## Grounds / Grounding

Verify ground connections control panel to main motor and control panel to car
Verify ground connections input to control panel
Verify AC Input, AC Output and control wiring aren't grounded

## Connections

Verify AC Input connections
Verify main motor connections
Verify prelimit switches connections
Verify safety line connections

Verify stop in station switches connections
Switch maintenance drive ON
(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 11)
( $5,6,7,8,9,10$ )
(27, 28, 29 )
( 30,30A, 31,31A,31C,31D,32,33,33A,33B,33C,34,34A, 35,36,37,38,39)
(61, 62, 63, 64 )
( 69 )

WARNING On first switching on, the control panel must be in maintenance mode

### 10.2. VOLTAGE AND CONTROL ELEMENTS CHECK

After first switching on the control voltages in system:
Measure 48V DC on terminal 40. Measured voltage must be in range between 60 and 70 V DC

NOTE This voltage have smoothing capacitor

Measure 24V DC on terminal 80. Measured voltage must be in range between 24 and 30 V DC
NOTE This voltage have smoothing capacitor
Measure 12V DC from accumulator charger on faston connectors by removing accumulator. Red faston connector is +12 V DC and black one is ground. Measured voltage must be in range between 13 and 15 V DC

NOTE When accumulator is applied this voltage goes down to 13 V DC
Check phase sequence device. BOTH LED DIODES MUST LIT. If not, switch supply OFF and change wires between terminals 2 and 3 ( correct phase sequence)

Check PTC module ( thermistor control ). LED PTC OK must lit. If not, check thermistors and switches connected on terminals 383, 384.

### 10.3. MAINTENANCE MODE

Move the car upward by pressing maintenance up button ( terminal 70). Lift must stop on upper prelimit switch
( terminal 29) which means that this switch function normally. Check of upper prelimit switch is possible with LED "FAST SPEED LIMIT SWITCH UP". This LED is ON when switch is ON.

Move the car downward by pressing maintenance down button ( terminal 71). Lift must stop on lower prelimit switch
( terminal 28 ) which means that this switch function normally. Check of lower prelimit switch is possible with LED "FAST SPEED LIMIT SWITCH DOWN". This LED is ON when switch is ON.

Check the function of final limit switch (bottom and top).
On maintenance mode door tests are possible:
By pressing car call 1 ( terminal C1 ), doors will open
By pressing car call 2 ( terminal C2 ). doors will close

WARNING
Maintenance up button must move lift up. If lift goes down, change wires in main motor connections. If a two speed motor is applied, the fast speed wires must be changed also

WARNING In hydraulic lift check correct pump rotation. If pump runs in reverse change wires in pump motor connections

### 10.4. NORMAL MODE

If lift works normally in maintenance mode, switch from maintenance mode to normal mode.
If lower prelimit switch is ON:
Lift will start down with fast speed. Lift will switch to slow speed when lower prelimit switch goes off.
Lift will stop in station when stop down signal goes on.

If lower prelimit switch is OFF:
Lift will start up with fast speed. Lift will switch to slow speed when slow speed up signal will come.
Lift will stop in station when stop up signal goes on.

After lift comes to the station all functions work normally. Doors will open and lift is ready for operation.
NOTE When lift is in station LED "ELEMENTS CHECK" must light. This LED checks the operation of relays, contactors, thermo switches and thermistors

### 10.5. TROUBLESHOOTING

## LIFT WILL NOT OPERATE IN MAINTENANCE MODE

check $A C$ input voltage on terminals 1,2 and 3 , check $A C$ input neutral on terminal 4 , check $A C$ input voltage on terminal 11 ( if exist)
check proper operation of "phase sequence and failure device". In normal operation both LED's lit.
check fuses and motor protection devices
check low voltage in system: $\quad 48 \mathrm{~V}$ DC on terminal 40 ( $60-70$ VDC )
24 V DC on terminal 80 ( $24-30$ VDC )
5 V DC LED in PCB "5V DC"
check safety line on terminals $31,36,37,38,39$ ( use first LED's in PCB "safety circuit 36, 37, 38 and 39 ). Measure also voltage in terminals 31, 36, 37, 38 and 39. Voltage range must be between 60 and 70 VDC. LED's are only indicators for voltage presence but voltage can be too low.
check prelimit switches on terminals 28 and 29 ( use first LED's in PCB " fast speed limit switch up and down" ). Measure also voltage in terminals 28 and 29. Voltage range must be between 60 and 70 VDC. LED's are only indicators for voltage presence but voltage can be too low.
check parameters and input definitions. ( see section PROGRAMMING ). Specially check parameters and definitions related to maintenance mode:

- parameter P12 speed at test
- definition I4 input maintenance ON definition
- definition I5 input maintenance UP definition
- definition I6 input maintenance DOWN definition
check action with programmer in the flow control menue


## LIFT WILL NOT OPERATE IN MAINTENANCE DOWN DRIVE

check action with programmer in the flow control menue
if there is message maintenance down, computer works normally and problem is in power section:
check motor, valves or brake connection
check contactors and relays
if there is no action in programmer check prelimit switch down ( terminal 28 ) - LED " fast speed limit switch down". Measure also voltage in terminal 28. Voltage range must be between 60 and 70 VDC. LED's are only indicators for voltage presence but voltage can be too low.

## LIFT WILL NOT OPERATE IN MAINTENANCE UP DRIVE

- check action with programmer in the flow control menue
if there is message maintenance up, computer works normally and problem is in power section: check motor, valves or brake connection
check contactors and relays
if there is no action in programmer check prelimit switch up ( terminal 29 ) - LED " fast speed limit switch up". Measure also voltage in terminal 29. Voltage range must be between 60 and 70 VDC. LED's are only indicators for voltage presence but voltage can be too low.


## LIFT WILL NOT START IN NORMAL MODE

check if lift operates normally in maintenance mode. Lift must operate normally in both directions in maintenance mode
check with programmer in the flow control menue if there is any error
check door operation. Doors must close ( safety line 39 ). Check conditions which will prevent door closing:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { - } & \text { input } 76 & \text { door obstruction signal } \\
- & \text { input } 74 & \text { door photocell signal } \\
\text { - } & \text { input } 75 & \text { button door opening }
\end{array}
$$

check also related input definitions (definitions 74, 75 and 76)
check conditions which prevent normal mode:

| - | input 68 | car overload |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | input 73 | key priority drive |
| - | input 307 | fire drive input |
| ed input definitions | (definitions 68 and 73 ) |  |

check action with programmer on flow control menue
if there is message lift goes down or up ,computer works normally and problem is in power section: check motor, valves or brake connection
check contactors and relays ( especially for fast speed)
check parameters and definitions
table for help to find out reason for abnormal work.
SUGGESTION: - clear the error table
switch control panel off and after 30 seconds on again if lift does not start in normal operation look to the error table there must be at least one error which caused this situation if error table is still empty use flow control to find out the reason by looking at last event in lift

## LIFT WILL NOT STOP IN STATION FIRST TIME AFTER POWER ON

- check stop in station signals (terminals 61, 62, 63, 64) Measure also voltage in these terminals. Voltage range must be between 60 and 70 VDC. LED's are only indicators for voltage presence but voltage can be too low.
check appropriate input definitions for these inputs (definitions 61, 62, 63, 64 )


## LIFT STOPPED IN STATION AFTER FIRST TIME B UTWILL NOT ACCEPT CALLS

check "ELEMENTS CHECK" input. LED for this input must lit when lift is in station check "FIRE DRIVE" input ( terminal 307 ). LED for this input must NOT be lit when lift is in station
check safety circuit 185, LED safety OK must lit, if not the device or zone switches are not working properly, see section "SAFETY CIRCUIT 185"

## LIFT COUNTS TWO FLOORS INSTEAD ONE

check operation of magnetic switches (switches for prelimit signals, slow speed signals, stop signals and zone signals)
check bistable magnetic switches, distance between switches and magnets must be 1 cm check if there is some bolts or nuts near to the magnets ( they can work like magnets if they are too close to the magnets
if magnets are mounted on the guide rails they must be on the outside of the guide, because on the other hand magnetic switches will not work properly

## LIFT SOMETIMES STOPS IMMEDIATELY AFTER STARTING

check stop is not station switches ( terminals 61 and 62 or LED's " STOP UP and STOP DOWN") both LED's must be LIT when lift stops in station.

## 11. E-type LIFT CONTROLLER TECHNICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

|  | terminals on PCB | voltage | current | other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply |  |  |  |  |
| main module |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12 \text { VAC } \\ (10-14 \mathrm{VAC}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | max 1200 mA | fuse F2 in main module |
| car module |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 24 \text { VDC } \\ (17-28 \mathrm{VDC}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | max 2000 mA |  |
| ext module |  | through car module | through car module |  |
| node module |  | through SSL link | through SSL link | optional through K7 24VDC (17-28 VDC) |
| Signalization |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 18 \text { VAC } \\ (14-22 \mathrm{VAC}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | max. 2000 mA | fuse F1 and rectifier D1 in main module |
| I nput voltage |  |  |  |  |
| main module inputs | 06-21 | 48VDC stabilised <br> (35-58 VDC) | typical 5 mA | common 47, 53, 57, 61 |
| car module inputs | 04-11 | 24VDC stabilised <br> (17-28 VDC) | typical 5 mA | common 12 |
| car module inputs | 63-70 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { 24VDC stabilised } \\ \text { (17-28 VDC) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | typical 5 mA | common 62 |
| I/ O modules for push buttons |  |  |  |  |
| car module I/O | 14-21 | input to 24VDC <br> stabilised(17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| car module I/O | 32-39 | input to 24VDC stabilised (17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| car module I/O | 53-60 | input to 24VDC stabilised (17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| ext module I/O | 80-87 | input to 24VDC stabilised (17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| ext module I/O | 89-96 | input to 24VDC stabilised (17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| ext module I/O | 110-117 | input to 24VDC stabilised (17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { node module } \\ & \text { I/O } \end{aligned}$ | K3, K4 | input to 24 VDC stabilised (17-28 VDC) | output to OVDC max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| Outputs |  |  |  |  |
| car module | 22-29 | 24VDC | max. 250 mA | common 30 |
| car module | 45-52 | 24VDC | max. 250 mA | common 44 |
| ext module | 101-108 | 24VDC | max. 250 mA | common 109 |
| node module | K5, K6 | 24VDC | max. 250 mA |  |
| main module | 22-45 | 24VDC | max. 1000 mA NO INDUCTIV E LOAD |  |


| Serial lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | OV RX TX | 12 VDC |  | opto insulated 9600 B |
| main module programming | plug |  | 12 VDC |  | RS 2329600 B |
| main module serial link 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 50 \\ 51 \\ 52 \\ 53 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{TX} \\ & \mathrm{RX} \\ & 0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 24 VDC | max. 500 mA | SSL opto insulated 1000 B |
| main module serial link 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 54 \\ & 55 \\ & 56 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline+24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{TX} \\ & \mathrm{RX} \\ & 0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 24 VDC | max. 500 mA | SSL opto insulated 1000 B |
| main module serial link 3 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 58 \\ 59 \\ 60 \\ 61 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} +24 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{TX} \\ \mathrm{RX} \\ 0 \mathrm{~V} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 24 VDC |  | SSL opto insulated 1000 B |
| node module serial link | $\begin{aligned} & \text { K1 } \\ & \text { K2 } \end{aligned}$ | output input | 24 VDC | max. 500 mA | opto insulated 1000 B |

### 11.2. E-type MAIN MODULE



## E-type MAIN MODULE TERMINALS

```
18V AC
18V AC ( AC votage for 24 VDC )
12V AC
GND
12V AC (supply voltage for CPU )
input prelimit switch in lower station - bottom
input prelimit switch in upper station - top
input safety line 36
input safety line 37
input safety line 38
input safety line 39
input stop in station up
input stop in station down
input slow speed
input relevell up
input relevell down
input maintenance on ( maintenance on teminal 09 car module have priority )
input maintenance up (when maintenance on from car module in active, this input not work )
input maintenance down(when maintenance on from car module in active, this input not work)
input fire drive
input elements check
output door A open relay RE8
output door A close relay RE7
output common door A
output
output door B open relay RE10
output common door B
output
output door B close relay RE9
output car blower relay RE11
output car blower
output high speed relay RE6
output high speed
output direction down relay RE5
output direction up and down
output direction up relay RE4
output common for direction
output pump star NO relay RE3
output pump star COM
output pump star NC
```

| 41 | output pump delta |  | NO | relay RE2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | output pump delta |  | COM |  |
| 43 | output pump delta |  | NC |  |
| 44 | output pump on |  |  | relay RE1 |
| 45 | output pump on |  |  |  |
| 46 | +24V DC |  |  |  |
| 47 | 0 V |  |  |  |
| 48 | group line | RX |  |  |
| 49 | group line | TX |  |  |
| 50 | +24V DC |  |  |  |
| 51 | line LINK3 | TX |  |  |
| 52 | line LINK3 | RX |  |  |
| 53 | OV |  |  |  |
| 54 | +24V DC |  |  |  |
| 55 | line LINK2 | TX |  |  |
| 56 | line LINK2 | RX |  |  |
| 57 | OV |  |  |  |
| 58 | +24V DC |  |  |  |
| 59 | line LINK1 | TX |  |  |
| 60 | line LINK1 | RX |  |  |
| 61 | OV |  |  |  |

## E-type MAIN MODULE SCHEME



## E-type MAIN MODULE SCHEME



## E-type MAIN MODULE SCHEME



### 11.3. E - type CAR MODULE




## E - type CAR MODULE TERMINALS

| 01 | OV DC (supply voltage ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02 | GND |  |
| 03 | 24V DC | ( supply voltage ) |
| 04 | input SSL link ( to terminal 59 main module ) |  |
| 05 | input full load car |  |
| 06 | input overload car |  |
| 07 | input priority drive |  |
| 08 | input fireman drive |  |
| 09 | input maintenance ON |  |
| 10 | input maintenance UP |  |
| 11 | input maintenance DOWN |  |
| 12 | GND |  |
| 13 | GND |  |
| 14 | 1/O | multi function |
| 15 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 16 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 17 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 18 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 19 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 20 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 21 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 22 | output | multi function |
| 23 | output | multi function |
| 24 | output | multi function |
| 25 | output | multi function |
| 26 | output | multi function |
| 27 | output | multi function |
| 28 | output | multi function |
| 29 | output | multi function |
| 30 | GND |  |
| 31 | GND |  |
| 32 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 33 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 34 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 35 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 36 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 37 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 38 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 39 | 1/0 | multi function |
| 40 | GND |  |
| 41 | +24V DC | ( voltage for outputs) |
| 42 | +24V DC | ( voltage for outputs) |
| 43 | GND |  |


| 44 | GND |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 45 | output | SSL link ( to terminal 60 main module ) |
| 46 | output car overload |  |
| 47 | output direction down |  |
| 48 | output direction up |  |
| 49 | output gong - arrival |  |
| 50 | output out of work |  |
| 51 | output occupied / beeper |  |
| 52 | output car blower |  |
|  |  |  |
| 53 | I/O | multi function |
| 54 | I/O | multi function |
| 55 | I/O | multi function |
| 56 | I/O | multi function |
| 57 | I/O | multi function |
| 58 | I/O | multi function |
| 59 | I/O | multi function |
| 60 | I/O | multi function |
| 61 | GND |  |
| 62 | GND |  |
| 63 | input photocell door A |  |
| 64 | input door obstruction A |  |
| 65 | input photocell door B |  |
| 66 | input door obstruction B |  |
| 67 | input additional doors open |  |
| 68 | input open door A |  |
| 69 | input open door B |  |
| 70 | input door close |  |

## E-type CAR MODULE SCHEME



## E-type CAR MODULE SCHEME



## E-type CAR MODULE SCHEME



## E-type CAR MODULE SCHEME



### 11.4. E - type EXT MODULE

$808182838485868788 \quad 899091929394959697$


9899100101102103104105106107108109110111112113114115116117118

## E-type EXT MODULE TERMINALS

| 80 | I/O | multi function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 81 | I/O | multi function |
| 82 | I/O | multi function |
| 83 | I/O | multi function |
| 84 | I/O | multi function |
| 85 | I/O | multi function |
| 86 | I/O | multi function |
| 87 | I/O | multi function |
| 88 | GND |  |
| 89 | I/O | multi function |
| 90 | I/O | multi function |
| 91 | I/O | multi function |
| 92 | I/O | multi function |
| 93 | I/O | multi function |
| 94 | I/O | multi function |
| 95 | I/O | multi function |
| 96 | I/O | multi function |
| 97 | GND |  |
| 98 | GND |  |
| 99 | +24V DC | ( voltage for outputs ) |
| 100 | +24V DC | (voltage for outputs ) |
|  |  |  |
| 101 | output | multi function |
| 102 | output | multi function |
| 103 | output | multi function |
| 104 | output | multi function |
| 105 | output | multi function |
| 106 | output | multi function |
| 107 | output | multi function |
| 108 | output | multi function |
| 109 | GND |  |
| 110 | I/O | multi function |
| 111 | I/O | multi function |
| 112 | I/O | multi function |
| 113 | I/O | multi function |
| 114 | I/O | multi function |
| 115 | I/O | multi function |
| 116 | I/O | multi function |
| 117 | I/O | multi function |
| 118 | GND |  |
|  |  |  |
| 99 |  |  |

## E-type EXT MODULE SCHEME



## E-type EXT MODULE SCHEME



### 11.5. E - type FLOOR MODULE - NODE



## E-type FLOOR MODULE TERMINALS - PLUGS

| K1 | 8 pol connector | SSL link output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| K2 | 8 pol connector | SSL link input |
| K3 | 4 pol connector | multifunction I/O |
| K4 | 4 pol connector | multifunction I/O |
| K5 | 4 pol connector | multifunction output |
| K6 | 4 pol connector | multifunction output |
| K7 | optional power supply 24 VDC |  |

## E-type FLOOR MODULE - NODE SCHEME



### 11.6. MULTIFUNCTION INPUTS / OUTPUTS

| 1. | 8 STOPS | UP and DOWN collective ( main and car modules ) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | E - type C | ( classic ) | $P 0=1$ |  |  |
| 14 | car module | CAR CALL 1 | 53 | car module | DOWN CALL 1 |
| 15 | car module | CAR CALL 2 | 54 | car module | DOWN CALL 2 |
| 16 | car module | CAR CALL 3 | 55 | car module | DOWN CALL 3 |
| 17 | car module | CAR CALL 4 | 56 | car module | DOWN CALL 4 |
| 18 | car module | CAR CALL 5 | 57 | car module | DOWN CALL 5 |
| 19 | car module | CAR CALL 6 | 58 | car module | DOWN CALL 6 |
| 20 | car module | CAR CALL 7 | 59 | car module | DOWN CALL 7 |
| 21 | car module | CAR CALL 8 | 60 | car module | DOWN CALL 8 |
| 32 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 22 | car module | output position 1 or A |
| 33 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 23 | car module | output position 2 or B |
| 34 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 24 | car module | output position 3 or C |
| 35 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 25 | car module | output position 4 or D |
| 36 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 26 | car module | output position 5 |
| 37 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 27 | car module | output position 6 |
| 38 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 28 | car module | output position 7 |
| 39 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 29 | car module | output position 8 |


| 2 | 12 STOPS <br> E-type C | DOWN collective ( main and car modules ) ( classic) $\quad \mathrm{PO}=2$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | car module | CAR CALL 1 | 53 | car module | DOWN CALL 1 |
| 15 | car module | CAR CALL 2 | 54 | car module | DOWN CALL 2 |
| 16 | car module | CAR CALL 3 | 55 | car module | DOWN CALL 3 |
| 17 | car module | CAR CALL 4 | 56 | car module | DOWN CALL 4 |
| 18 | car module | CAR CALL 5 | 57 | car module | DOWN CALL 5 |
| 19 | car module | CAR CALL 6 | 58 | car module | DOWN CALL 6 |
| 20 | car module | CAR CALL 7 | 59 | car module | DOWN CALL 7 |
| 21 | car module | CAR CALL 8 | 60 | car module | DOWN CALL 8 |
| 32 | car module | CAR CALL 9 | 36 | car module | DOWN CALL 9 |
| 33 | car module | CAR CALL 10 | 37 | car module | DOWN CALL 10 |
| 34 | car module | CAR CALL 11 | 38 | car module | DOWN CALL 11 |
| 35 | car module | CAR CALL 12 | 39 | car module | DOWN CALL 12 |

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 1 \text { or } A \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 2 \text { or B } \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 3 \text { or } C \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 4 \text { or } D
\end{array}
$$

| 3. | 16 STOPS <br> E-type C | UP and DOWN collective ( main, car and ext modules ) ( classic) $\quad \mathrm{PO}=3$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | car module | CAR CALL 1 | 53 | car module | DOWN CALL 1 |
| 15 | car module | CAR CALL 2 | 54 | car module | DOWN CALL 2 |
| 16 | car module | CAR CALL 3 | 55 | car module | DOWN CALL 3 |
| 17 | car module | CAR CALL 4 | 56 | car module | DOWN CALL 4 |
| 18 | car module | CAR CALL 5 | 57 | car module | DOWN CALL 5 |
| 19 | car module | CAR CALL 6 | 58 | car module | DOWN CALL 6 |
| 20 | car module | CAR CALL 7 | 59 | car module | DOWN CALL 7 |
| 21 | car module | CAR CALL 8 | 60 | car module | DOWN CALL 8 |
| 80 | ext module | CAR CALL 9 | 110 | ext module | DOWN CALL 9 |
| 81 | ext module | CAR CALL 10 | 111 | ext module | DOWN CALL 10 |
| 82 | ext module | CAR CALL 11 | 112 | ext module | DOWN CALL 11 |
| 83 | ext module | CAR CALL 12 | 113 | ext module | DOWN CALL 12 |
| 84 | ext module | CAR CALL 13 | 114 | ext module | DOWN CALL 13 |
| 85 | ext module | CAR CALL 14 | 115 | ext module | DOWN CALL 14 |
| 86 | ext module | CAR CALL 15 | 116 | ext module | DOWN CALL 15 |
| 87 | ext module | CAR CALL 16 | 117 | ext module | DOWN CALL 16 |
| 32 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 22 | car module | output position 1 or A |
| 33 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 23 | car module | output position 2 or B |
| 34 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 24 | car module | output position 3 or C |
| 35 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 25 | car module | output position 4 or D |
| 36 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 26 | car module | output position 5 or E |
| 37 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 27 | car module | output position 6 |
| 38 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 28 | car module | output position 7 |
| 39 | car module | UP CALL 1 | 29 | car module | output position 8 |
| 89 | ext module | UP CALL 9 | 101 | ext module | output position 9 |
| 90 | ext module | UP CALL 10 | 102 | ext module | output position 10 |
| 91 | ext module | UP CALL 11 | 103 | ext module | output position 11 |
| 92 | ext module | UP CALL 12 | 104 | ext module | output position 12 |
| 93 | ext module | UP CALL 13 | 105 | ext module | output position 13 |
| 94 | ext module | UP CALL 14 | 106 | ext module | output position 14 |
| 95 | ext module | UP CALL 15 | 107 | ext module | output position 15 |
| 96 | ext module | UP CALL 16 | 108 | ext module | output position 16 |


| 4. | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { STOPS } \\ & \text { E-type C } \end{aligned}$ | DOWN collective ( main, car and ext modules ) ( classic) $\quad \mathrm{PO}=4$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | car module | CAR CALL 1 | 53 | car module | DOWN CALL 1 |
| 15 | car module | CAR CALL 2 | 54 | car module | DOWN CALL 2 |
| 16 | car module | CAR CALL 3 | 55 | car module | DOWN CALL 3 |
| 17 | car module | CAR CALL 4 | 56 | car module | DOWN CALL 4 |
| 18 | car module | CAR CALL 5 | 57 | car module | DOWN CALL 5 |
| 19 | car module | CAR CALL 6 | 58 | car module | DOWN CALL 6 |
| 20 | car module | CAR CALL 7 | 59 | car module | DOWN CALL 7 |
| 21 | car module | CAR CALL 8 | 60 | car module | DOWN CALL 8 |
| 32 | car module | CAR CALL 9 | 36 | car module | DOWN CALL 9 |
| 33 | car module | CAR CALL 10 | 37 | car module | DOWN CALL 10 |
| 34 | car module | CAR CALL 11 | 38 | car module | DOWN CALL 11 |
| 35 | car module | CAR CALL 12 | 39 | car module | DOWN CALL 12 |
| 89 | ext module | CAR CALL 13 | 93 | ext module | DOWN CALL 13 |
| 90 | ext module | CAR CALL 14 | 94 | ext module | DOWN CALL 14 |
| 91 | ext module | CAR CALL 15 | 95 | ext module | DOWN CALL 15 |
| 92 | ext module | CAR CALL 16 | 96 | ext module | DOWN CALL 16 |
| 80 | ext module | CAR CALL 17 | 110 | ext module | DOWN CALL 17 |
| 81 | ext module | CAR CALL 18 | 111 | ext module | DOWN CALL 18 |
| 82 | ext module | CAR CALL 19 | 112 | ext module | DOWN CALL 19 |
| 83 | ext module | CAR CALL 20 | 113 | ext module | DOWN CALL 20 |
| 84 | ext module | CAR CALL 21 | 114 | ext module | DOWN CALL 21 |
| 85 | ext module | CAR CALL 22 | 115 | ext module | DOWN CALL 22 |
| 86 | ext module | CAR CALL 23 | 116 | ext module | DOWN CALL 23 |
| 87 | ext module | CAR CALL 24 | 117 | ext module | DOWN CALL 24 |

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 1 \text { or } A \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 2 \text { or B } \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 3 \text { or C } \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 4 \text { or D } \\
\text { car module } & \text { output position } 5 \text { or E }
\end{array}
$$

| 5. | 24 STOPS <br> ( main, car E-type S | UP and DO modules an ( serial) | WN collec nodes in P0 = 5 | ors ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | car module | CAR CALL 1 | 53 | car module | CAR CALL 17 |
| 15 | car module | CAR CALL 2 | 54 | car module | CAR CALL 18 |
| 16 | car module | CAR CALL 3 | 55 | car module | CAR CALL 19 |
| 17 | car module | CAR CALL 4 | 56 | car module | CAR CALL 20 |
| 18 | car module | CAR CALL 5 | 57 | car module | CAR CALL 21 |
| 19 | car module | CAR CALL 6 | 58 | car module | CAR CALL 22 |
| 20 | car module | CAR CALL 7 | 59 | car module | CAR CALL 23 |
| 21 | car module | CAR CALL 8 | 60 | car module | CAR CALL 24 |
| 32 | car module | CAR CALL 9 | 22 | car module | output position 1 or A |
| 33 | car module | CAR CALL 10 | 23 | car module | output position 2 or B |
| 34 | car module | CAR CALL 11 | 24 | car module | output position 3 or C |
| 35 | car module | CAR CALL 12 | 25 | car module | output position 4 or D |
| 36 | car module | CAR CALL 13 | 26 | car module | output position 5 or E |
| 37 | car module | CAR CALL 14 | 27 | car module | output position 6 or F |
| 38 | car module | CAR CALL 15 | 28 | car module | door open A |
| 39 | car module | CAR CALL 16 | 29 | car module | door open B |

UP and DOWN calls are connect to the nodes

Nodes for 1-24 floor are connect to SSL LINK 2

| 6. | 48 STOPS ( main, car E-type S | UP and DOWN collective ext modules and nodes in floors ) ( serial) $\quad \mathbf{P O}=6$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | car module | CAR CALL 1 | 53 | car module | CAR CALL 17 |
| 15 | car module | CAR CALL 2 | 54 | car module | CAR CALL 18 |
| 16 | car module | CAR CALL 3 | 55 | car module | CAR CALL 19 |
| 17 | car module | CAR CALL 4 | 56 | car module | CAR CALL 20 |
| 18 | car module | CAR CALL 5 | 57 | car module | CAR CALL 21 |
| 19 | car module | CAR CALL 6 | 58 | car module | CAR CALL 22 |
| 20 | car module | CAR CALL 7 | 59 | car module | CAR CALL 23 |
| 21 | car module | CAR CALL 8 | 60 | car module | CAR CALL 24 |
| 32 | car module | CAR CALL 9 | 22 | car module | output position 1 or A |
| 33 | car module | CAR CALL 10 | 23 | car module | output position 2 or B |
| 34 | car module | CAR CALL 11 | 24 | car module | output position 3 or C |
| 35 | car module | CAR CALL 12 | 25 | car module | output position 4 or D |
| 36 | car module | CAR CALL 13 | 26 | car module | output position 5 or E |
| 37 | car module | CAR CALL 14 | 27 | car module | output position 6 or F |
| 38 | car module | CAR CALL 15 | 28 | car module | door open A |
| 39 | car module | CAR CALL 16 | 29 | car module | door open B |
| 80 | ext module | CAR CALL 25 | 110 | ext module | CAR CALL 41 |
| 81 | ext module | CAR CALL 26 | 111 | ext module | CAR CALL 42 |
| 82 | ext module | CAR CALL 27 | 112 | ext module | CAR CALL 43 |
| 83 | ext module | CAR CALL 28 | 113 | ext module | CAR CALL 44 |
| 84 | ext module | CAR CALL 29 | 114 | ext module | CAR CALL 45 |
| 85 | ext module | CAR CALL 30 | 115 | ext module | CAR CALL 46 |
| 86 | ext module | CAR CALL 31 | 116 | ext module | CAR CALL 47 |
| 87 | ext module | CAR CALL 32 | 117 | ext module | CAR CALL 48 |
| 89 | ext module | CAR CALL 33 | 101 | ext module |  |
| 90 | ext module | CAR CALL 34 | 102 | ext module |  |
| 91 | ext module | CAR CALL 35 | 103 | ext module |  |
| 92 | ext module | CAR CALL 36 | 104 | ext module |  |
| 93 | ext module | CAR CALL 37 | 105 | ext module |  |
| 94 | ext module | CAR CALL 38 | 106 | ext module |  |
| 95 | ext module | CAR CALL 39 | 107 | ext module |  |
| 96 | ext module | CAR CALL 40 | 108 | ext module |  |

UP and DOWN calls are connect to the nodes
Nodes for 1-24 floor are connect to SSL LINK 2
Nodes for 25-48 floor are connect to SSL LINK 3

## 12. SAFETY CIR CUIT 186

### 12.1. GENERAL FEATURES

This circuit is specially developed to make it possible to move the car while the doors are open
Circuit board $\quad 76 \times 86 \mathrm{~mm}$ with heigh of 35 mm for installation in control unit $4 \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ hole for mounting

The following manouvres are possible:

- advanced door opening
- relevelling upwards or downwards with the doors open

Circuit content: |  | $-3 \times$ safety relay with six guided contacts |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $-2 \times$ LED diode for status display |
|  | $-7 \times$ terminal for connection |



| Supply voltage | +48 VDC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Supply current | Max. 200 mA |
| Ambient temperature | Max. $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |
| EMC compatibility | EN12015 and EN12016 |
| Approvals | CE |

### 12.2. DETAILS AND CONNECTIONS

Schematic plan of safety circuit 186


The circuit does not need any additional power supply. All relays are made for 48 V DC supply.

Explanation of work: - elevator control unit give 48 VDC to terminal 3 when elevator start slow speed in arriving to station. This voltage must stay all the time to the next start

- then magnetic switch ZONE A give 48 VDC to terminal 2
- and magnetic switch ZONE B give 48 VDC to terminal 1
- in this case connection is closed between terminals 4-5 and 6-7
- when elevator stopped in station elevator control unit should check one of link ( $4-5$ or $6-7$ )
- in the case that there is no connection elevator must not proceed to drive

Explanation of LED: - LED I1 parallel to input 1

- LED I2 parallel to input 2


### 12.3. REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLATION

-This product should be installed into a controller with minimum protection level of IP2X
-The maximum voltage permissible for the series connection is 230 VAC or VDC
-The safety series connection which are connected to terminals $4-5$ and $6-7$ should be protected with maximum 4 Amp fuse
-Applied voltage for relays ( + 48V DC ) should be fused with a maximum of 4 Amp fuse
-The ambient temperature at which the unit ideally functions is between 0 C and 55 C

- Once the equipment has been installed a test run should be carried out in both upward and downward directions stopping at every landing, so the control unit can check the perfect operation of the module


## 13. GUIDE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

### 13.1. THE EMC DIRECTIVE AND APPLICABLE STANDARD

The EMC Directive 89/336/EEC, and as amended by Directives 91/263/EEC, 92/31/EEC, 93/68/EEC and 93/97/EEC requires that in order to guarantee the free movement of electrical and electronic apparatus, and to create an acceptable electromagnetic environment, all such apparatus shall ensure that the electromagnetic disturbances produced by the apparatus do not affect the correct functioning of other apparatus or radio and telecommunications networks as well as related equipment and electricity distribution networks. The apparatus is also required to have an adequate level of intrinsic immunity to electromagnetic disturbances to enable it to work as intended.

SEC lift control panels are according to the " Guidelines on the application of Directive 89/336/EEC " Clause 6.2.3.2 " Components performing a direct function not intended to be placed on the market for distribution and final use"

The SEC position
It is responsibility of the user to determinate the category under which the product is obtained however. SEC, in common with most other manufacturers, has prepared this document on the following basis:

- $\quad$ The sales are of the restricted distribution class
- Neither a "CE" mark nor a Declaration of Conformity are permitted under the EMC Directive

This product is intended only for professional assemblers.
The responsibility for the maintenance of EMC compliance of an installation shall be with the installer and not the manufacturer.

The manufacturer is required to provide recommendations and guidelines for maintaining EMC compliance after installation and this is given in this guide.

The "CE" mark and Manufacturer's Declaration of Conformity on SEC control panels relate to compliance with the Low Voltage directive only.

The product standard for lift control panel is EN 12015 for emission and EN12016 for immunity and all SEC control panels have been tested for conformity with the various levels applicable under the standard.

Next normative references are used:

| Emission: | EN 55011 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | EN 55014 |
| Immunity: | EN 61000-4-2 |
|  | EN 61000-4-3 |
|  | EN 61000 - 4-4 |
|  | EN 61000-4-11 |

### 13.2. EMC COMPLIANT ELECTRICAL CABINET WIRING RULES

## PANELS AND CABINETS

Mounting panel and cabinet (including the doors ) have to be grounded, with a direct connection to the ground bus.

## REMOVAL OF THE PAINT FROM THE SUPPORT AREAS

The paint should be removed from the mounting panel and chassis support areas.

## WARNING Rheanodized aluminum does not conduct

## GROUND TERMINALS OF THE CONTROL PANEL

SEC control panels are provided with two ground terminals ( green-yellow terminal with mark 0 and ground terminal with multi screws ) one must be connected to the ground bus

## MINIMAL DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNAL AND POWER CABLES

The minimum distance between parallel signals and power cables is 30 cm . Possible crossings have to be made at $90^{\circ}$.

## SHIELDING OF THE SUPPLY FOR AN AC MOTOR

The AC motors have to be supplied through a four pole shielded cable ( three phases plus a green/yellow ground wire), or though four unshielded cables, which are inserted inside a metal channel. It is important that a direct connection ( four cables ) between the panel grounding and the motor ground has been made and that the fourth cable had been inserted in a shield.

## GROUND CONNECTION TO BOTH SIDES OF THE CABLE SHIELD (AC MOTOR )

The shield of the supply cable of the AC motors must be grounded on both sides in order to obtain $360^{\circ}$ contact, that means the whole shield. This can be accomplished using suitable metallic EMC cables press grounded at full $360^{\circ}$ at the input of the cabinet and of the motor's terminal strip. If this connection is not possible, the shielded cables should be brought inside the cabinet and connected with an omega connector to the mounting panel- The same must be done on the motor side. In case a $360^{\circ}$ connection on the motor's terminal strip is not possible, the shield must be grounded before entering into the terminal strip. This should be done on the metal support of the motor, using an omega connector. In case a metal duct has to be used, it should be grounded at full $360^{\circ}$ where possible.

## PIGTAIL AVOIDANCE

While grounding the shields of the cables, one has to use a 360 o connection (E.g. omega bus ) with a pigtail connection to be absolutely avoided. By pigtail is meant the connection to earth ground of the cable shield by means of an additional wire.

## SUPPLY CABLES TO THE DC MOTORS

The supply cables of DC motor do not need to be shielded.

## DIRECT CONNECTION BETWEEN THE GROUND BUS AND MOTOR CHASSIS

Independently from ground-connection of the motor's chassis, it must always be connected to the ground wire ( green/yellow ) coming from the panel ground bus.

## MAXIMAL LENGTH OF THE AC MOTOR'S CABLES INSIDE THE CABINET

From the grounding of the screen side cabinet of the panel terminal strip, the supply's cables have to measure 30 cm maximum.

## ENCODER CABLES

The encoder cable must be shielded and grounded at the panel at a full $360^{\circ}$. The female connector on the inverter has been foreseen for that connection, therefore it is enough to have the cable shield connected at $360^{\circ}$ in the conductive case of the male connector. In order to check that the shield is not connected on the motor side remove the encoder connector from the inverter and verify with a tester the presence of a high impedance between the shield and the metal case of the encoder or of the motor.

## Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:
SEC ELECTRONICS

Neverke 30
6256 KOSANA
SLOVENIA
Details of electrical equipment
Model number:

## E-TYPE

LI FT CONTROLLER PCB
Harmonised
Standard applied:
EN 12016
EN 12015
and complies with the previsions of the following EC - Directive(s):

- 73/23/ EEC modified by 93/68/ EEC and named Low Voltage Directive

CE marking from:
2002
Authorised Signatory:


Name:
Position:

Date of Issue:

1. 12. 2002

Place of Issue:
Neverke


[^0]:    P - rated power
    In - rated current
    Isd - star / delta current
    $\mathrm{Cm} \quad$ - diameter of wires for motor (mm2)
    Csd - diameter of wires for star delta connection (mm2)

[^1]:    P12 SPEED AT TEST slow / fast
    1-maintenance ( test) speed is low speed
    2 - maintenance ( test ) speed is high speed

